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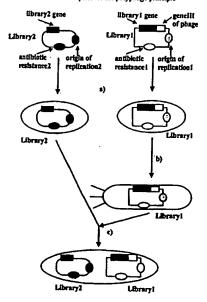
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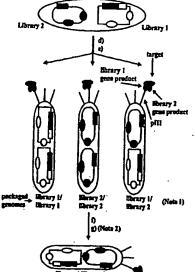
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#### General description of the polyphage principle



## ral description of the polyphage principle (cont.)



#### (57) Abstract

The present invention relates to methods for the identification of nucleic acid sequences encoding members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening for polyphage particles. Furthermore, the invention relates to products and uses thereof for the identification of nucleic acid sequences in accordance with the present invention.

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# NOVEL METHOD AND PHAGE FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCES ENCODING MEMBERS OF A MULTIMERIC (POLY)PEPTIDE COMPLEX

The present invention relates to methods for the identification of nucleic acid sequences encoding members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening for polyphage particles. Furthermore, the invention relates to products and uses thereof for the identification of nucleic acid sequences in accordance with the present invention.

Since its first conception by Ladner in 1988 (WO88/06630), the principle of displaying repertoires of proteins on the surface of phage has experienced a dramatic progress and has resulted in substantial achievements. Initially proposed as display of single-chain Fv (scFv) fragments, the method has been expanded to the display of bovine pancreatic trypsin inhibitor (BPTI) (WO90/02809), human growth hormone (WO92/09690), and of various other proteins including the display of multimeric proteins such as Fab fragments (WO91/17271; WO92/01047).

A Fab fragment consists of a light chain comprising a variable and a constant domain (VL-CL) non-covalently binding to a heavy chain comprising a variable and constant domain (VH-CH1). In Fab display one of the chains is fused to a phage coat protein, and thereby displayed on the phage surface, and the second is expressed in free form, and on contact of both chains, the Fab assembles on the phage surface.

Various formats have been developed to construct and screen Fab phage-display libraries. In its simplest form, just one repertoire, e. g. of heavy chains, is encoded on the phage or phagemid vector. A corresponding light chain, or a repertoire of light chains, is expressed separately. The Fab fragments assemble either inside a host cell, if the light chain is co-expressed from a plasmid, or outside the cell in the medium, if a collection of secreted phage particles each displaying a heavy chain is contacted with the light chain(s) expressed from a different host cell. By screening such Fab libraries, just the information about the heavy chain encoded on the phage or phagemid vector is retrievable, since that vector is packaged in the phage particle. By reverting the format and displaying a library of light chains, and

assembling Fab fragments by co-expressing or adding one or more of the heavy chains identified in the first round, corresponding light chain-heavy chain pairs can be identified.

To avoid that multi-step procedure, both repertoires may be cloned into one phage or phagemid vector, one chain expressible as a fusion with at least part of a phage coat protein, the second expressible in free form. After selection, the phage particle will contain the sequence information about both chains of the selected Fab fragments. The disadvantage of such a format is that the overall complexity of the library is limited by transformation efficiency. Therefore, the library size will usually not exceed 10<sup>10</sup> members.

For various applications, a library size of up to 10<sup>14</sup> would be advantageous. Therefore, methods of using site-specific recombination, either based on the Cre/lox system (WO92/20791) or on the attλ system (WO 95/21914) have been proposed. Therein, two collection of vectors are sequentially introduced into host cells. By providing the appropriate recombination sites on the individual vectors, recombination between the vectors can be achieved by action of an appropriate recombinase or integrase, achieving a combinatorial library, the overall library size being the product of the sizes of the two individual collections. The disadvantages of the Cre/lox system are that the recombination event is not very efficient, it leads to different products and is reversible. The attλ system leads to a defined product, however, it creates one very large plasmid which has a negative impact on the production of phages. Furthermore, the action of recombinase or integrase most likely leads to undesired recombination events.

Thus, the technical problem underlying the present invention is to develop a simple, reliable system which enables the simultaneous identification of members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, such as the identification of heavy and light chain of a Fab fragment, in phage display systems.

The solution to this technical problem is achieved by providing the embodiments characterized in the claims. Accordingly, the present invention allows to easily create and screen large libraries of multimeric (poly)peptide complexes for properties such as binding to a target, as in the case of screening Fab fragment libraries, or such as enzymatic activity, as in the case of libraries of multimeric enzymes. The technical approach of the present invention, i.e. the retrieval of information about two members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex

encoded on two different vectors without requiring a recombination event, is neither provided nor suggested by the prior art.

Accordingly, the present invention relates to a method for identifying a combination of nucleic acid sequences encoding two members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a predetermined property, said combination being contained in a combinatorial library of phage particles displaying a multitude of multimeric (poly)peptides complexes, said method being characterized by screening or selecting for polyphage particles that contain said combination.

Surprisingly, it has been achieved by the present invention that the phenomenon of polyphages can be used to co-package the genetic information of two or more members of multimeric (poly)peptide complexes in a phage display system. The occurrence of polyphage particles has been observed 30 years ago (Salivar et al., Virology 32 (1967) 41-51), where it was described that approximately 5% of a phage population form particles which are longer than unit length and which contain two or more copies of phage genomic DNA. They occur naturally when a newly forming phage coat encapsulates two or more single-stranded DNA molecules. In specific cases, it has been seen that co-packaging of phage and phagemids or single-stranded plasmid vectors takes place as well (Russel and Model, J. Virol. 63 (1989) 3284-3295). Despite of occasional scientific articles about the morphogenesis of polyphage particles, a practical application has never been discussed or even been mentioned. In WO92/20791 in example 26, a model experiment for a combinatorial Fab display library expressed from separate vectors is presented. However, there is only a screening process for either of the two vectors described. Thus, the prior art teaches away from screening for the simultaneous presence of two vectors in a polyphage particle.

In the context of the present invention, the term "multimeric (poly)peptide complex" refers to a situation where two or more (poly)peptide(s) or protein(s), the "members" of said multimeric complex, can interact to form a complex. The interaction between the individual members will usually be non-covalent, but may be covalent, when post-translational modification such as the formation of disulphide-bonds between any two members occurs. Examples for "multimeric (poly)peptide complexes" comprise structures such as fragments derived from immunoglobulins (e. g. Fv, disulphide-linked Fv (dsFv), Fab fragments), fragments derived from other members of the immunoglobulin superfamily (e.g. α,β-

heterodimer of the T-cell receptor), and fragments derived from homo-or heterodimeric receptors or enzymes. In phage display, one of said members is fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, whereby that member is displayed on, and assembly of the multimeric complex takes place at, the phage surface. A "combinatorial phage library" is produced by randomizing at least two members of said multimeric (poly)peptide complex at least partially on the genetic level to create two libraries of genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences in appropriate vectors, by combining the libraries in appropriate host cells and by achieving coexpression of said at least two libraries in a way that a library of phage particles is produced wherein each particle displays one of the possible combinations out of the two libraries.

By screening such a combinatorial phage library displaying multimeric (poly)peptide complexes for a predetermined property, a collection of phage particles will be identified. Partially, these particles will just contain the genetic information of one of the members of the multimeric complex. The inventive principle of the present invention is the screening step for polyphage particles containing the genetic information of a combination of library members.

Furthermore, the present invention relates to a method for identifying a combination of nucleic acid sequences encoding two members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a predetermined property, said combination being contained in a combinatorial library of phage particles displaying a multitude of multimeric (poly)peptides complexes, comprising the steps of

- (a) providing a first library of recombinant vector molecules containing genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, said fusion protein thereby being able to be directed to, and displayed at, the phage surface, wherein said vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a first selectable and/or screenable property;
- (b) providing a second library of recombinant vector molecules containing genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, wherein the vector molecules of said second library are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry

- or encode a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;
- (c) optionally, providing nucleic acid sequences encoding further members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex;
- (d) expressing members of said libraries of recombinant vectors mentioned in steps (a),
  (b), and optionally nucleic acid sequences mentioned in step (c), in appropriate host cells under appropriate conditions, so that a combinatorial library of phage particles each displaying a multimeric (poly)peptide complex is produced;
- (e) identifying in said library of phage particles a collection of phages displaying multimeric (poly)peptide complexes having said predetermined property;
- (f) identifying in said collection polyphage particles simultaneously containing recombinant vector molecules encoding a first and a second member of said multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening or selecting for the simultaneous presence or generation of said first and second selectable and/or screenable property;
- (g) optionally, carrying out further screening and/or selection steps or repeating steps (a) to (f);
- (h) identifying said combination of nucleic acid sequences.

Optionally, further members of said multimeric complex may be provided in the case of ternary, quaternary or higher (poly)peptide complexes. These further members may, for example, be co-expressed from one of the phage or phagemid vectors or from a separate vector such as a plasmid. Even libraries of such further members could be employed in which case further screenable or selectable properties would have to be introduced on the corresponding vectors. Alternatively, such further libraries could be contained in said first of second libraries of recombinant vector molecules. In another option, further screening and/or selection steps or a repetition of the individual steps can be carried out, to optimize the result of obtaining and identifying said nucleic acid sequences.

Furthermore, the present invention relates to a method for identifying a combination of nucleic acid sequences encoding two members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a predetermined property, said combination being contained in a combinatorial library of phage particles displaying a multitude of multimeric (poly)peptides complexes, comprising the steps of

(a) expressing in appropriate host cells under appropriate conditions

- (aa) genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences contained in a first library of recombinant vector molecules, said nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, said fusion protein thereby being able to be directed to and displayed at the phage surface, wherein said vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a first selectable and/or screenable property;
- (ab) genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences contained in a second library of recombinant vector molecules, said nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, wherein the vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;
- (ac) optionally, nucleic acid sequences encoding further members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex,
- so that a combinatorial library of phage particles each displaying a multimeric (poly)peptide complex is produced;
- (b) identifying in said library of phage particles a collection of phages displaying multimeric (poly)peptide complexes having said predetermined property;
- (c) identifying in said collection polyphage particles simultaneously containing recombinant vector molecules encoding a first and a second member of said multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening or selecting for the simultaneous presence or generation of said first and second selectable and/or screenable property;
- (d) optionally, carrying out further screening and/or selection steps or repeating steps (a) to (c);
- (e) identifying said combination of nucleic acid sequences.

In a preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, the vectors of said first and said second library are a combination of a phage vector and a phagemid vector.

In a further preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, the vectors of said first and said second library are a combination of two phagemid vectors, said appropriate conditions comprising complementation of phage genes by a helper phage. In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention said two phagemid vectors are compatible.

The term "compatibility" refers to a property of two phagemids to be able to coexist in a host cell. Incompatibility is connected to the presence of incompatible plasmid origins of replication belonging to the same incompatibility group. An example for compatible plasmid origins of replication is the high-copy number origin ColE1 and the low-copy number origin p15A.

Therefore, in a further preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, said two phagemid vectors comprise a ColE1 and a p15A plasmid origin of replication.

In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, said two phagemid vectors comprise a ColE1 and a mutated ColE1 origin.

It could be shown, that two phagemids both having a ColE1-derived plasmid origin of replication can coexist in a cell as long as one of the ColE1 origins carries a mutation.

Particularly preferred is a method, wherein said vectors and/or said helper phage comprise different phage origins of replication.

Most preferred is an embodiment of the method of the present invention, wherein said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage are interference resistant.

The term "interference" refers to a property that phagemids inhibit the production of progeny phage particles by interfering with the replication of the DNA of the phage. "Interference resistance" is a property which overcomes this problem. It has been found that mutations in the intergenic region and/or in gene II contribute to interference resistance (Enea and Zinder, Virology 122 (1982), 222-226; Russel et al., Gene 45 (1986) 333-338). It was identified that phages called IR1 and IR2 (Enea and Zinder, Virology 122 (1982), 222-226), and mutants derived therefrom such as R176 (Russel and Model, J. Bacteriol. 154 (1983) 1064-1076), R382, R407 and R408 (Russel et al., Gene 45 (1986) 333-338) and R383 (Russel and Model, J. Virol. 63 (1989) 3284-3295) are interference resistant by carrying mutations in the untranslated region upstream of gene II and in the gene II coding region.

Therefore, in a preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage have mutations in the phage intergenic region(s), preferably in positions corresponding to position 5986 of f1, and/or in gene II, preferably in positions corresponding to position 143 of f1.

In a most preferred embodiment said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage are, or are derived from, IR1 mutants such as R176, R382, R383, R407, R408, or from IR2 mutants.

In a further embodiment or the method of the invention, said vectors and/or said helper phage comprise hybrid nucleic acid sequences of f1, fd, and/or M13 derived sequences.

In the context of the present invention, the term "hybrid nucleic sequences" refers to vector elements which comprise sequences originating from different phage(mid) vectors.

Surprisingly, it has been found that a vector constructed combining a part derived from fd phage and a second part derived from R408, a derivative of f1 phages, is interference resistant and additionally, gives predominantly polyphage particles.

Therefore, a most preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention relates to a vector which is, or is derived from, fpep3\_1B-IR3seq with the sequence listed in Figure 4.

In a yet further preferred embodiment of the method according to the present invention, said derivative is a phage comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

The invention relates in an additional preferred embodiment to a method, wherein said derivative is a phagemid comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

The invention relates in a further preferred embodiment to a method, wherein said derivative is a helper phage comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-

IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

Most preferred is an embodiment of the method of the invention, wherein said derivatives comprise the combined fd/f1 origin including the mutation G5737>A (2976 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq), and/or the mutations G343>A (3989) in gII, and G601>T (4247) in gII/X.

The formation of polyphage particles has been examined in more detail by different groups. It was found that amber mutations in genes VII and IX lead to the amplified production of infectious polyphage particles (Lopez and Webster, Virology 127 (1983) 177-193). A couple of mutants in gene VII (R68, R100) and in gene IX (N18) were identified and further characterized.

Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, the gene VII contained in any of said vectors contains an amber mutation, and most preferably, said mutation is identical to those found in phage vectors R68 or R100.

Further preferred is an embodiment, wherein the gene IX contained in any of said vectors contains an amber mutation, and most preferably said mutation is identical to that found in phage vector N18.

Several phage coat proteins have been used in displaying foreign proteins including the gene III protein (gIIIP), gVIp, and gVIIIp.

In a preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, said phage coat protein is gIIIp or gVIIIp.

In a particularly preferred embodiment of the method of the present invention, said phage particles are infectious by having a full-length copy of gIIIp.

The gIIIp is a protein comprising three domains. The C-terminal domain is responsible for membrane insertion, the two N-terminal domains are responsible for binding to the F pilus of E. coli (N2) and for the infection process (N1).

In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said phage particles are non-infectious by having no full-length copy of gIIIp, said fusion protein being formed with a truncated version of gIIIp, wherein the infectivity can be restored by interaction of the

displayed multimeric (poly)peptide complexes with a corresponding partner coupled to an infectivity-mediating particle.

In the context of the present invention, the term "infectivity-mediating particle" (IMP) refers to a construct comprising either the N1 domain or the N1-N2 domain. On interaction with a non-infectious phage lacking said domains, infectivity of the phage particles can be restored. The interaction between the non-infectious phage and the IMP can be mediated by a ligand fused to the IMP, which can bind to a partner displayed on the phage. By screening a non-infectious phage display library against a target ligand-IMP construct, restoration of infectivity can be used to select target-binding library members.

In a further preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said truncated gIIIp comprises the C-terminal domain of gIIIp.

In a yet preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said truncated gIIIp is derived from phage fCA55.

In addition to the work by Lopey and Webster cited above, Crissman and Smith (Virology 132 (1984) 445-455) could show, that the phage fCA55 which has a large deletion in gene III removing the N-terminal domains and a large part of the C-terminal domain leads exclusively to the formation of polyphages.

Particularly preferred is an embodiment of the method of the invention, wherein said predetermined property is binding to a target.

In a preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of an immunoglobulin superfamily member.

In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of an immunoglobulin.

In a further most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said fragment is an Fv, dsFv or Fab fragment.

An additional preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to a method, wherein said predetermined property is the activity to perform or to catalyze a reaction.

In a preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is an enzyme.

In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of a catalytic antibody.

In a further most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said fragment is an Fv, dsFv or Fab fragment.

An additional preferred embodiment of the invention relates to a method, wherein selectable and/or screenable property is the transactivation of transcription of a reporter gene such as beta-galactosidase, alkaline phosphatase or nutritional markers such as his3 and leu, or resistance genes giving resistance to an antibiotic such as ampicillin, chloramphenicol, kanamycin, zeocin, neomycin, tetracycline or streptomycin.

In a most preferred embodiment of the method of the invention, said generation of said first and second screenable and/or selectable property is achieved after infection of appropriate host cells by said collection of phage particles.

Particularly preferred is a method, wherein said identification of said nucleic acid sequences is effected by sequencing.

Further preferred is a method, wherein said host cells are E.coli XL-1 Blue, K91 or derivatives, TG1, XL1kann or TOP10F.

An additional preferred embodiment of the invention relates to a polyphage particle which (a) contains

(i) a first recombinant vector molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence, which encodes a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex

fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, and that carries or encodes a first selectable and/or screenable property, and

(ii) a second recombinant vector molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence, which encodes a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, and that carries or encodes a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;

and (b) displays said multimeric (poly)peptide complex at its surface.

A most preferred embodiment of the invention relates to a polyphage particle, wherein said phage coat protein is the gIIIp.

A further preferred embodiment of the present invention relates to a polyphage particle which is infectious by having a full-length copy of gIIIp present, either in said fusion protein, or in an additional wild-type copy.

Additionally, the invention relates to a polyphage particle which is non-infectious by having no full-length copy of gIIIp, said fusion protein being formed with a truncated version of gIIIp, wherein the infectivity can be restored by interaction of the displayed multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a corresponding partner coupled to an infectivity-mediating particle.

Most preferably, the invention relates to the phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq with the sequence listed in Figure 4.

Additionally preferred, the invention relates to a phage vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

Further preferred is an embodiment of the invention, which relates to a phagemid vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

Preferably, the invention relates to a helper phage vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.

Additionally preferred is an embodiment, said derivatives comprise the combined fd/f1 origin including the mutation G5737>A (2976 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq), and/or the mutations G343>A (3989) in gII, and G601>T (4247) in gII/X.

Further preferred is the use of any of the vectors according to the present invention in the generation of polyphage particles containing a combination of at least two different vectors.

Most preferred is the use of vectors of the invention, wherein said combination of different vectors comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex.

Further preferred in the present invention is the use of vectors, wherein said combination of different vectors comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding interacting (poly)peptides/proteins.

#### Legends to Figures:

Figure 1: General description of the polyphage principle for the display of a Fab library:
e.g. library 1: library of VL chains; library 2: VH chains; both libraries on
compatible phagemids; in a: libraries are transformed into host cells; in b:
library 1 is rescued by a helper phage; in c: libraries are combined by infection;
in d: co-expression of heavy and light chains; in e: rescue by helper phages,
production of phage particles, assembly of Fab on phage, selection for target;
note 1: A certain fraction of the phage particles will be normal unit-lenght
particles containing just one of the two genomes (not shown in Figure 1).
Furthermore, polyphage does not discriminate which genomes to package.
Therefore, the combinations shown in Figure 1 can arise. To select for

correctly packaged genomes, the subsequent steps are required; in f: infect host cells; in g: select for ability to confer resistance to two antibiotics to infected cells; note 2: only phage that satisfy condition according to g) represent polyphage particles which contain the correct combination of heavy and light chain of binding Fabs (Hetero-polyphage). Unit-length phage as well as polyphage carrying two identical genomes will confer only resistance to one antibiotics.

- Figure 2: Functional map and sequence of phage vector fhag1A
- Figure 3: Functional map and sequence of phage vector fjun 1B
- Figure 4: Functional map and sequence of phage vector fpep3 1B-IR3seq
- Figure 5: Compatibility of various phage and phagemid vectors: co-transformation of different vector pairs and growth in liquid culture (can/amp selection):

  A. fjun\_1B-R408-IR/pIG10\_pep10; B. fjun\_1B/pIG10\_pep10 (only 1 colonie);
  C. fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10\_pep10; D. fjun\_1B-R408-IR/pOK1Djun; E. fjun\_1B/pOK1Djun: no growth; F. fpep3\_1B-IR3/pOK1Djun;
  a. fjun\_1B; b. fjun\_1B-R408-IR; c. fpep3\_1B-IR3; d. pIG10\_pep10; e. pOK1Djun
- Figure 6: co-transformation of positive (pep3/p75ICD combination, lane 9) and negative (jun/p75ICD, lane 10) pairs; lane 1 to 8: SIP transductants
- Figure 7: Sensitivity of SIP hetero-polyphage system for selection in solution: #SIP hetero-polyphage transductants, transducing units (t.u.)/ml, produced by co-cultures of co-transformants as in Figure 6 mixed at the indicated ratios.
- Figure 8: PCR to identify phage vector(s) present in SIP polyphage transductants: lane 1 to 6: SIP polyphage transductants; lane A: fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 cotransformant; lane B: fjun\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 co-transformant
- Figure 9: IR Phage and Phagemid are Co-packaged into Polyphages: 1: ΔgIII phage + gIII plasmid; 2: IR phage+ phagemid
- Figure 10: SIP Information is Co-transduced by Polyphages: a: IMPp75 on phage vector; b: pep10-gIII-CT fusion on phage vector; c: IMPp75 on phagemid vector; d: pep10-gIII-CT fusion on phagemid vector

The examples illustrate the invention

#### Example 1: Selection for polyphage transductants

In WO92/01047, page 83, a model experiment for a two-vector system is described which uses a phage vector (fd-CAT2-IV) encoding a light chain and a phagemid vector (pHEN1-III) encoding a heavy chain. The phagemid, grown in E. coli HB2151, was rescued with fd-CAT2-IV phage, and functional phage(mid)s produced. By infecting TG1 cells and plating on tetracycline (to select for fd-CAT) and ampicillin (to select for pHEN1), the ratio of phage and phagemid being packaged was determined.

By repeating this experiment, but plating on TYE plates with both antibiotics, polyphage transductants transducing both resistances simultaneously can be selected, and the genetic information contained on the phage and phagemid vector can be retrieved.

By replacing the single light and heavy chain in the constructs mentioned above by corresponding repertoires, a library of Fab-displaying phage particles can be produced. By screening that library against an immobilized target, a collection of phage particles can be identified. Polyphage particles contained in that collection can be identified by transducing both resistances as described above.

Example 2: Generation and use of an interference-resistant filamentous phage to copackage the genetic information of co-displayed interacting proteins

#### Introduction

The physical connection of randomly combined genetic information is of vital importance in processes such as interactive screening of two libraries of expressed protein members or for co-expression and co-display of protein pairs which are dependent on the interaction with each other for proper function.

#### 2.1.: Construction of a interference resistant filamentous phage:

#### 2.1.1.: Construction of fjun 1B:

- fhag1A (see Figure 2)
- a. The phage vector f17/9-hag (Krebber et al., 1995, FEBS Letters 377, 227-231) is digested with EcoRV and XmnI. The 1.1 kb fragment containing the anti-HAG Ab gene is isolated

by agarose gel electrophoresis and purified with a Qiagen gel extraction kit. This fragment is ligated into a pre-digested pIG10.3 vector (EcoRV-XmnI). Ligated DNA is transformed into DH5a cells and positive clones are verified by restriction analysis. The recombinant clone is called pIGhag1A. All cloning described above and subsequently are according to standard protocols (Sambrook et al., 1989, Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.)

- b. The vector f17/9-hag (Krebber et al., 1995) is digested with EcoRV and Stul. The 7.9 kb fragment is isolated and self-ligated to form the vector fhag2.
- c. The chloramphenical resistance gene (CAT) assembled via assembly PCR (Ge and Rudolph, BioTechniques 22 (1997) 28-29) using the template pACYC (Cardoso and Schwarz, J. Appl. Bacteriol. 72 (1992) 289-293) is amplified by the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with the primers:

CAT\_BspEI(for):

5' GAATGCTCATCCGGAGTTC

CAT Bsu36I(rev):

5' TTTCACTGGCCTCAGGCTAGCACCAGGCGTTTAAG

- d. The PCR is done following standard protocols (Sambrook et al., 1989). The amplified product is digested with BspEI and Bsu36I then ligated into pre-digested fhag2 vector (BspEI-Bsu36I; 7.2 kb fragment) to form fhag2C.
- e. The vector fhag2C is digested with EcoRI and the ends made blunt by filling-in with Klenow fragment. The flushed vector is self-ligated to form vector fhag2CdelEcoRI.
- f. pIGhag1A is digested with XbaI and HindIII. The 1.3 kb fragment containing the anti-HAG gene fused with the C-terminal domain of filamentous phage pIII protein is isolated and ligated with a pre-digested fhag2CdelEcoRI phage vector (XbaI-HindIII; 6.4 kb) to create the vector fhag1A.

#### - fjun\_1B (see Figure 3)

a. The DNA encoding the C-terminal domain including the long linker separating it from the amino terminal domain of the filamentous phage pIII (gIII short) is amplified by PCR using pOK1 (Gramatikoff et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 22 (1994) 5761-5762) as template with the primers:

gIII short(for):

5'GCTTCCGGAGAATTCAATGCTGGCGGCGCTCT3'

gIII short(rev):

5'CCCCCCAAGCTTATCAAGACTCCTTATTACG3'

b. The PCR is done following standard protocols (Sambrook et al., 1989). The amplified product is digested with EcoRI and HindIII, then ligated into pre-digested fhag1A vector (EcoRI-HindIII) to form the vector fjun\_1B.

#### 2.1.2.: Construction of fjun 1B-R408IR:

In order to introduce mutations which have been described to confer an interference resistance phenotype (Enea and Zinder, Virology 122 (1982), 222-226) into the noninterference resistant fd phage vector fjun\_1B (see Fig.3), a 1.7 kb fragment of helper phage R408 (Stratagene) comprising the region between the unique restriction sites DraIII and BsrGI was PCR amplified by assembly PCR. Subfragments of the 1.7 kb DraIII/BsrGI fragment were amplified from the f1 phage R408 template DNA with primer combinations FR604/FR605 and FR606/FR607 to introduce via the partially complementary primers FR605 and FR606 an additional gII mutation found to be present in the recipient construct fjun 1B. Resulting PCR fragments were gel-purified and combined to serve as template in an subsequent assembly PCR with primers FR604 and FR607. PCR conditions were standard, with approx. 25 ng template, 10 pmole of each primer, 250 pmole of each dNTP, 2 mM Mg, 2.5 U Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene). Amplification was done for 30 cycles, with 1 min denaturation at 94 C, 1 min annealing at 50°C, 1 min extension at 72°C. The correctsized 1.7 kb assembly PCR product was gel-purified, digested with DraIII and BsrGI and cloned into DraIII/BsrGI-digested fjun 1B, generating fjun 1B-R408IR.

Primers:

FR604 5' GTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCG 3'

FR605 5' TGAGAGGTCTAAAAAGGCTATCAGG 3'

FR606 5' TAGCCTTTTTAGACCTCTCAAAAATAG 3'

FR607 5' CGGTGTACAGACCAGGCGC 3'

#### 2.2.: Proof of principle experiments

Despite of the absence of the two originally associated IR mutations, the hybrid phage vector fjun\_1B-R408IR (carrying the chloramphenicol acetytransferase confering chloramphenicol resistance) could be co-transformed with a phagemid (pOK1deltajun, carrying the beta-lactamase gene confering ampicilin resistance) containing a phage origin of replication. More importantly, fjun\_1B-R408IR could stably co-exist with the phagemid pOK1deltajun, and the phagemid was efficiently co-packaged together with the fjun\_1B-R408IR phage genome into polyphage particles. Titers of polyphages, simultaneously

transducing chloramphenicol and ampicilin resistance, reached 6 x 108 transducing units (t.u.)/ml of overnight bacterial culture K91 plating cells, a number almost equivalent to a titer of 109/ml seen after selection on chloramphenicol only. Selection of the K91 transductants on ampicilin only gave a titer of 5 x 109/ml. These titers indicated that more than 50 % of all phages containing fjun 1B-R408IR also contained the phagemid pOK1deltajun, thus representing polyphages. This high ratio of polyphages was confirmed by restriction analysis of transductants which had been selected on chloramphenicol only. More than 50 % of these clones also contained the phagemid in addition to the fjun\_1B-R408IR phage genome. fjun 1B-R408IR was isolated in pure form from an individual transductant, which contained only this phage. The construct fjun 1B-R408IR was used with pOK1deltajun for co-transformation of DH5\alpha cells, in order to produce selectivelyinfective phages (SIP) via fos-jun leucine zipper interaction (which non-covalently restores wt gIII function). Stable, double-resistant co-transformants were obtained with this combination and individual clones were grown overnight in the presence of cam/amp. The culture supernatant of these clones was filtered through a 45 µM membrane filter and used to infect exponentially-growing F+ bacteria (K91 strain) for 20 min at 37 C. To test for the presence of infective SIP polyphages the cells were plated on LB agar plates containing cam and amp and plates were incubated at 37 C overnight. Approx. 500 to 1000 transforming units (t.u.)/ml resulting in double-resistant transductants were obtained from individual co-transformants. DNA of those transductants was analyzed by restriction analysis which showed that 95 % (15/16 clones) of the clones had the correct pattern expected for fjun 1B-R408IR and pOK1deltajun. Supernatants of several polyphage transductants were tested for persistent SIP phage production by re-infection of K91 cells. This confirmed that polyphage transductants continued to produce infective SIP phages and restriction analysis of the resulting 2<sup>nd</sup> round polyphage transductants showed that 44 % (14/32 clones) contained the correct vector combination. The rest of the clones contained the correct pOK1deltajun phagemid plus a recombined phage vector with a restored wt gIII, indicating an increase in recombination frequency when both vectors are propagated in the rec+ strain K91 (compared to the rec- strain DH5\alpha used for cotransformation of IR phage and phagemid). To test other protein-protein interactions which give a higher titer of infective SIP phages and to verify the presence of heteropolyphages (co-packaging of phage and phagemid instead of co-infection by monophages or homo-polyphages), two peptide ligands (previously selected by SIP, WO97/32017)

which bind to the p75 rat neurotrophin receptor (Chao et al., Science 232 (1986) 518-521) intracellular domain (p75ICD) were cloned as N-terminal gIIIc fusions in fiun 1B-R408IR (replacing jun) and the phagemid pIG10.3, leading to constructs fpep3\_1B-IR3seq and pIG10.3-pep10 (WO97/32017), respectively, which contain the peptide pep3: 5'-TGTATTGTTTATCATGCTCATTATCTTGTTGCTAAGTGT-3' encoding the amino acid sequence (CysIleValTyrHisAlaHisTyrLeuValAlaLysCys) instead of the jun sequence. Sequencing of the respective parts of the transferred R408 fragment in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq revealed that neither of the two IR mutations (the G5986>A mutation from complementation group I in the gII 5'non-translated region, which should be found at position 3225 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, and the C143>T mutation (3789 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq) from complementation group II leading to a Thr>Ile amino acid exchange in gII) were found to be present. However; the gII mutation G6090>T (3329 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq), leading to a Leu>Val exchange, introduced by assembly PCR was present. Furthermore, three additional mutations compared to an f1 phage could be identified: G5737>A (2976 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq) in the phage origin of replication, G343>A (3989) in gII, and G601>T (4247) in gII/X.

The functional map and the sequence of fpep3\_1B-IR3seq are given in Figure 4. This sequence was double-checked several times. It could be shown that differences in the sequence of fpep3\_1B-IR3seq compared to published sequence data could be explained by mutations already present in the starting constructs used for cloning fjun\_1B-R408IR and fpep3\_1B-IR3seq.

Co-transformation experiments (Fig. 5) using combinations of pIG10.3 or pOK1 phagemids (both with f1 oris) with fjun\_1B ("wt" fd phage), fjun\_1B-R408-IR (containing the DraIII/BsrGI fragment from R408) or fpep3\_1B-IR3 (containing the DraIII/BsrGI fragment from R408 and the PCR mutation) revealed that the PCR mutation is not necessary for the IR phenotype, at least judged by the ability to be co-transformable with a phagemid and the ability of individual co-transformants to grow in liquid culture (cam/amp selection).

Additionally, the interacting protein partner p75ICD was cloned as a C-terminal fusion to the infectivity-mediating domains (N1-N2) of gIII (infectivity-mediating particle (IMP) fusion) resulting in constructs fIMPp75-IR3 and pIG10.3-IMPp75.

The IR phage was tested with the SIP pairing fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75 (which gives a higher titer than fos/jun SIP) in the presence of the negative control combination fjun\_1B-IR3seq3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75 (Fig. 6). A SIP hetero-polyphage titer of 1.5 x 10<sup>5</sup>/ml (cam/amp-resistant transductants) was achieved with fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75. To test SIP sensitivity in a model library vs. library setting, co-transformants of fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75 were diluted in an excess fjun\_1B-IR3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75 and the supernatant of the bacterial co-culture was assayed for SIP hetero-polyphages. This showed that down to a dilution of 10<sup>-5</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup> can be recovered (Fig. 7).

To prove that only the correct phage vector is present in SIP polyphage transductants, DNA of positive (fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75) and negative (fjun\_1B-IR3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75) control co-transformants, as well as DNA from the SIP polyphage transductants derived from SIP phages produced by the mix of positive and negative control bacteria was analyzed by PCR (Fig. 8). Primers FR614 (5'-GCTCTAGATAACGAGGGC-3') and FR627 (5'-CGCAAGCTTAAGACTCCT-TATTACGC-3') amplify the phage region from the start of ompA to the end of gIII. PCR products derived from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3 and fjun\_1B-IR3 can be discriminated by size. Gel analysis of the above samples verified that only the expected fpep3\_1B-IR3seq3 phage was present in SIP polyphage transductants (6 analyzed).

To physically demonstrate the existence of hetero-polyphages (which have phage and phagemid co-packaged) when using the IR phage vector, phages produced by co-transformants of fIR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 and as a control fjun\_1B/JB61 ("wt" phage plus complementing gIII plasmid) were separated on an agarose gel (Fig. 9). This showed that the fIR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 combination produced substantially more slower migrating (thus bigger) phages than the fjun\_1B/JB61 control combination. The ratio was almost inversed. Elution of phages from various regions of the gel and subsequent titering of the eluate on plating cells showed that the upper gel region contained a significant portion of double resistance-transducing phages which thus can be regarded as hetero-polyphages.

The pairs fpep3\_1B-IR3 and pIG10.3-IMPp75 as well as fIMPp75-IR3 and pIG10.3-pep10 were co-transformed into DH5a, individual cam/amp resistant clones were grown and the culture supernatant was tested on K91 cells for SIP phage production (Fig. 10). The combinations fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 and fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10 gave a titer of 1.5x105 t.u./ml and 5x103 t.u./ml, respectively when assayed for cam/amp-resistant transductants. The titer for each combination when assayed on LB cam was nearly the same as when assayed on LB cam/amp. This demonstrated efficient co-packaging of phage and phagemid DNA to almost 100 %, as seen before with the initial fjun\_1B-R408IR and pOK1deltajun combination. To proof the existence of polyphages which individually cotransduce phage and phagemid DNA simultaneously, and to rule out the possibility of transduction of the two resistance markers by independent (and thus random) co-infection by two different phages which have only phage or phagemid packaged, a statistical test was performed. Defined, identical aliquots of bacterial culture supernatants of an individual co-transformant representing each of the two SIP vector combinations described above (fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 and fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10) were either used individually to infect K91 cells followed by selection on LB cam and LB amp plates, or the same supernatant aliquots from the two vector combinations were mixed before infection of K91 cells and selection on LB cam/amp. 117 cam-resistant, 328 amp-resistant and 141 cam/amp-resistant transforming units were present in the supernatant aliquot from the fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10 combination and 40 cam-resistant, 30 amp-resistant and 23 cam/amp-resistant transforming units were present in the supernatant aliquot from the fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 combination. The mix of both supernatant aliquots contained 166 cam-resistant and 162 cam/amp-resistant transforming units, exactely corresponding to the expected numbers which would be obtained by adding up the transducing units of the two individual aliquots. 48 cam/amp-resistant transductant colonies were picked from the plate were the mix of the two individual aliquots was used for infection and were analyzed by restriction digest. This showed that only the correct, SIP phage-producing vector combination (5 clones containing the fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 and 43 clones containing the fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10 combination; this represents a ratio of the two input vector combinations in the analyzed transductants of 1: 8.6 (fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 : fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10), which is very similar to the 1 : 6.1 (fpep3\_1B-IR3/pIG10.3-IMPp75 : fIMPp75-IR3/pIG10.3-pep10) ratio of double-resistant input phages in this experiment) occured in all analyzed

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transductants, verifying the presence of hetero-polyphages by ruling out the possibility of random co-infection and thus incorrect, random combination by two out of four possible monophage and/or homo-polyphage populations (fpep3\_1B-IR3, pIG10.3-IMPp75, fIMPp75-IR3 and pIG10.3-pep10) each containing only one type of vector (phage or phagemid). Statistically, co-infection of the same bacterium by two separate phages was practically already excluded by the small numbers of infective phages containing at least one resistance marker (166 cam-resistant and 358 amp-resistant phages) which were used in the above experiment. Co-infection of the same bacterium (of a total of 10<sup>7</sup> bacteria) by one of the 166 cam-resistant phages and one of the 358 amp-resistant phages has a probability of 6x10<sup>-10</sup>. Moreover, in this scenario incorrect combinations of individual phage and phagemid vectors (e.g. fpep3\_1B-IR3/ pIG10.3-pep10 and fIMPp75-IR3/ pIG10.3-IMPp75) would be possible. The fact that only the correct vector combinations were found in all 48 transductants analyzed from this experiment further proved that co-transduction by hetero-polyphage and not random co-infection by homo-polyphage or monophage was the mechnism by which double-resistance was transduced.

#### 2.3.: Construction of a phage-display system for Fab display

The constructs described in 3.2. can easily be modified to achieve the display of Fabs or a Fab library. In fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the jun part can be replaced by a VL-CL light chain repertoire having the appropriate 3'- and 5'-restriction sites similarly as described for pep\_3-to construct fVL\_1B-R408IR. In pIG10.3-IMPp75, the IMPp75 construct can be replaced by a repertoire of VH-CH1 heavy chains. After co-transformation of both repertoires into host cells and expression, a library of phage particles displaying Fab fragments is produced. Since fpep3\_1B-IR3seq was set up for a SIP experiment by having just the C-terminal domain of gIII, the corresponding Fab-displaying phage particles are non-infectious. By adding a target molecule fused to an infectivity-mediating particle (N1-N2 domain of gIIIp), phages displaying target-binding Fab fragments can be selected by infecting host cells.

By replacing the truncated gIII part described above by a full-length copy of gIII, a Fabdisplay library of infectious phage particles is obtained, which can be screened against immobilized targets. Binding phages can be eluted and used to infect host cells.

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By selecting for transductants conferring cam/amp-resistance to their host cells, polyphage infections can be selected in both cases. Thereby the information about both chains of the selected Fab fragments can be retrieved.

#### **CLAIMS**

- A method for identifying a combination of nucleic acid sequences encoding two members
  of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a predetermined property, said combination
  being contained in a combinatorial library of phage particles displaying a multitude of
  multimeric (poly)peptides complexes,
  said method being characterized by screening or selecting for polyphage particles that
  contain said combination.
- 2. The method of claim 1, comprising the steps of
  - (a) providing a first library of recombinant vector molecules containing genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, said fusion protein thereby being able to be directed to, and displayed at, the phage surface, wherein said vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a first selectable and/or screenable property;
  - (b) providing a second library of recombinant vector molecules containing genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, wherein the vector molecules of said second library are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;
  - (c) optionally, providing nucleic acid sequences encoding further members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex;
  - (d) expressing members of said libraries of recombinant vectors mentioned in steps (a), (b), and optionally nucleic acid sequences mentioned in step (c), in appropriate host cells under appropriate conditions, so that a combinatorial library of phage particles each displaying a multimeric (poly)peptide complex is produced;
  - (e) identifying in said library of phage particles a collection of phages displaying multimeric (poly)peptide complexes having said predetermined property;
  - (f) identifying in said collection polyphage particles simultaneously containing recombinant vector molecules encoding a first and a second member of said

- multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening or selecting for the simultaneous presence or generation of said first and second selectable and/or screenable property;
- (g) optionally, carrying out further screening and/or selection steps or repeating steps (a) to (f);
- (h) identifying said combination of nucleic acid sequences.
- 3. The method of claim 1, comprising the steps of
  - (a) expressing in appropriate host cells under appropriate conditions
    - (aa) genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences contained in a first library of recombinant vector molecules, said nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, said fusion protein thereby being able to be directed to and displayed at the phage surface, wherein said vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a first selectable and/or screenable property;
    - (ab) genetically diverse nucleic acid sequences contained in a second library of recombinant vector molecules, said nucleic acid sequences comprising a variety of nucleic acid sequences, each encoding a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, wherein the vector molecules are able to be packaged in a phage particle and carry or encode a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;
    - (ac) optionally, nucleic acid sequences encoding further members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex,
    - so that a combinatorial library of phage particles each displaying a multimeric (poly)peptide complex is produced;
  - (b) identifying in said library of phage particles a collection of phages displaying multimeric (poly)peptide complexes having said predetermined property;
  - (c) identifying in said collection polyphage particles simultaneously containing recombinant vector molecules encoding a first and a second member of said multimeric (poly)peptide complex by screening or selecting for the simultaneous presence or generation of said first and second selectable and/or screenable property;

- (d) optionally, carrying out further screening and/or selection steps or repeating steps (a) to (c);
- (e) identifying said combination of nucleic acid sequences.
- 4. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 3, wherein the vectors of said first and said second library are a combination of a phage vector and a phagemid vector.
- 5. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 3, wherein the vectors of said first and said second library are a combination of two phagemid vectors, said appropriate conditions comprising complementation of phage genes by a helper phage.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein said two phagemid vectors are compatible.
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein said two phagemid vectors comprise a ColE1 and a p15A plasmid origin of replication.
- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein said two phagemid vectors comprise a ColE1 and a mutated ColE1 origin.
- 9. The method of anyone of claims 4 to 8, wherein said vectors and/or said helper phage comprise different phage origins of replication.
- 10. The method of anyone of claim 4 to 9, wherein said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage are interference resistant.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage have mutations in the phage intergenic region(s), preferably in positions corresponding to position 5986 of f1, and/or in gene II, preferably in positions corresponding to position 143 of f1.
- 12. The method of anyone of claims 10 to 11, wherein said phage vector, said phagemid vector(s) and/or said helper phage are, or are derived from, IR1 mutants such as R176, R382, R383, R407, R408, or from IR2 mutants.

- 13. The method of anyone of claims 4 to 11, wherein said vectors and/or said helper phage comprise hybrid nucleic acid sequences of f1, fd, and/or M13 derived sequences.
- 14. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 13, wherein said vector is, or is derived from, fpep3\_1B-IR3seq with the sequence listed in Figure 4.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said derivative is a phage comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 16. The method of claim 14, wherein said derivative is a phagemid comprising essentially the phage origin of replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 17. The method of claim 14, wherein said derivative is a helper phage comprising essentially the phage origin of replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 18. The method of anyone of claims 15 to 17, said derivatives comprise the combined fd/fl origin including the mutation G5737>A (2976 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq), and/or the mutations G343>A (3989) in gII, and G601>T (4247) in gII/X.
- 19. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 18, wherein the gene VII contained in any of said vectors contains an amber mutation.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said mutation is identical to those found in phage vectors R68 or R100.
- 21. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 20, wherein the gene IX contained in any of said vectors contains an amber mutation.

- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein said mutation is identical to that found in phage vector N18.
- 23. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 22, wherein said phage coat protein is gIIIp or gVIIIp.
- 24. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 23, wherein said phage particles are infectious by having a full-length copy of gIIIp.
- 25. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 24, wherein said phage particles are non-infectious by having no full-length copy of gIIIp, said fusion protein being formed with a truncated version of gIIIp, wherein the infectivity can be restored by interaction of the displayed multimeric (poly)peptide complexes with a corresponding partner coupled to an infectivity-mediating particle.
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein said truncated gIIIp comprises the C-terminal domain of gIIIp.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said truncated gIIIp is derived from phage fCA55.
- 28. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 27, wherein said predetermined property is binding to a target.
- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of an immunoglobulin superfamily member.
- 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of an immunoglobulin.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein said fragment is an Fv, dsFv or Fab fragment.
- 32. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 27, wherein said predetermined property is the activity to perform or to catalyze a reaction.

- 33. The method of claim 32, wherein said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is an enzyme.
- 34. The method of claim 33, wherein said multimeric (poly)peptide complex is a fragment of a catalytic antibody.
- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein said fragment is an Fv, dsFv or Fab fragment.
- 36. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 35, wherein said selectable and/or screenable property is the transactivation of transcription of a reporter gene such as betagalactosidase, alkaline phosphatase or nutritional markers such as his3 and leu, or resistance genes giving resistance to an antibiotic such as ampicillin, chloramphenicol, kanamycin, zeocin, neomycin, tetracycline or streptomycin.
- 37. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 36, wherein said generation of said first and second screenable and/or selectable property is achieved after infection of appropriate host cells by said collection of phage particles.
- 38. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 37, wherein said identification of said nucleic acid sequences is effected by sequencing.
- 39. The method of anyone of claims 1 to 38, wherein said host cells are E.coli XL-1 Blue, K91 or derivatives thereof, TG1, XL1kann or TOP10F.

#### 40. A polyphage particle which

#### (a) contains

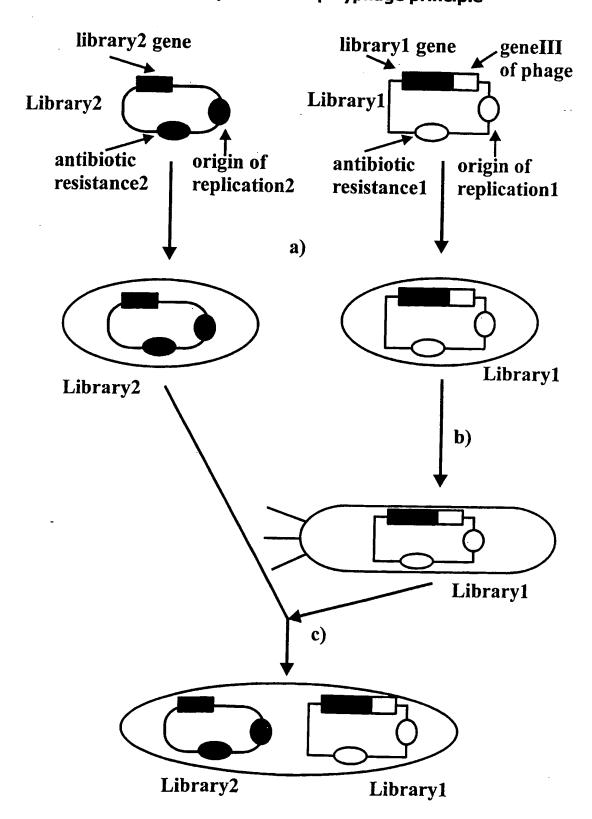
- (i) a first recombinant vector molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence, which encodes a fusion protein of a first member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex fused to at least part of a phage coat protein, and that carries or encodes a first selectable and/or screenable property, and
- (ii) a second recombinant vector molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence, which encodes a second member of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex, and that

carries or encodes a second selectable and/or screenable property different from said first property;

- and (b) displays said multimeric (poly)peptide complex at its surface.
- 41. The polyphage particle according to claim 40 wherein said phage coat protein is the gIIIp.
- 42. The polyphage particle according to claim 41 wherein said particles is infectious by having a full-length copy of gIIIp present, either in said fusion protein, or in an additional wild-type copy.
- 43. The polyphage particle according to claim 41 wherein said particles is non-infectious by having no full-length copy of gIIIp, said fusion protein being formed with a truncated version of gIIIp, wherein the infectivity can be restored by interaction of the displayed multimeric (poly)peptide complex with a corresponding partner coupled to an infectivity-mediating particle.
- 44. The phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq with the sequence listed in Figure 4.
- 45. A phage vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 46. A phagemid vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 47. A helper phage vector derived from phage vector fpep3\_1B-IR3seq comprising essentially the phage origin or replication from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, the gene II from fpep3\_1B-IR3seq, or a combination of said phage origin of replication and said gene II.
- 48. A vector according to anyone of claims 45 to 47, wherein said derivatives comprise the combined fd/f1 origin including the mutation G5737>A (2976 in fpep3\_1B-IR3seq), and/or the mutations G343>A (3989) in gII, and G601>T (4247) in gII/X.

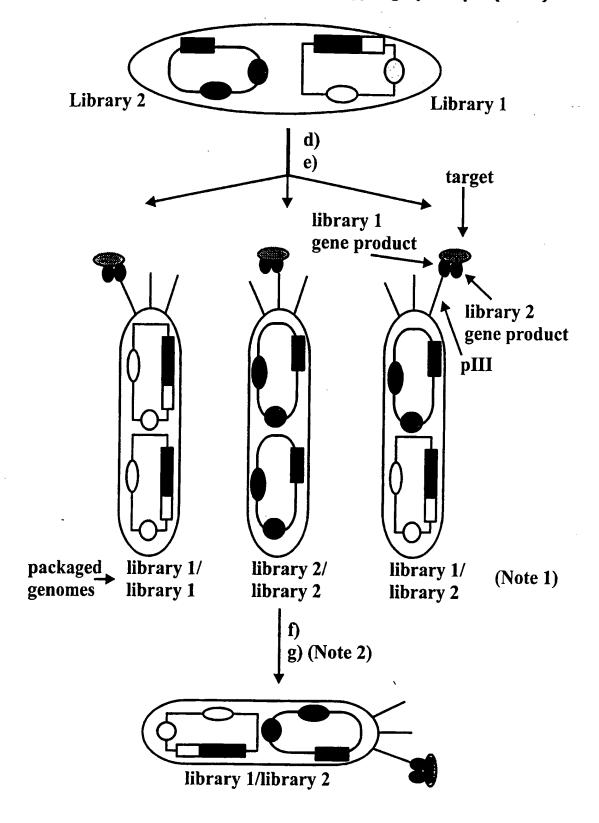
- 49. The use according to any of the vectors of anyone of claims 44 to 48 in the generation of polyphage particles containing a combination of at least two different vectors.
- 50. The use according to claim 49, wherein said combination of different vectors comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding members of a multimeric (poly)peptide complex.
- 51. The use according to claim 50, wherein said combination of different vectors comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding interacting (poly)peptides/proteins.

1/39 Figure 1: General description of the polyphage principle



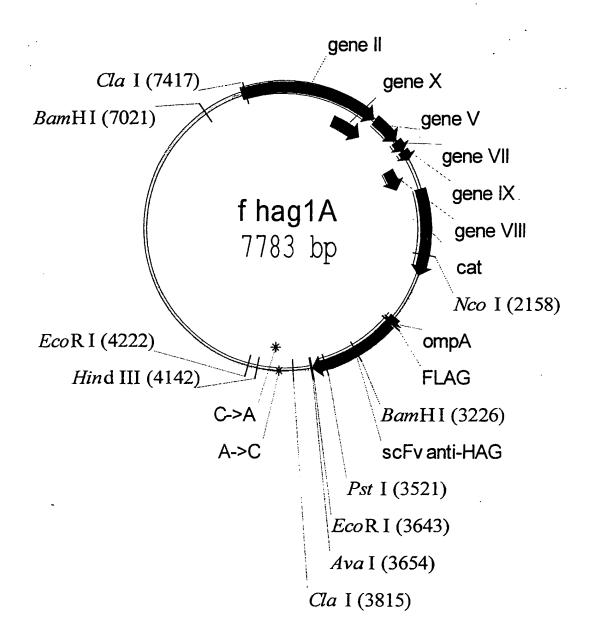
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Figure 1: General description of the polyphage principle (cont.)



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Figure 2



1	AACGCTACT	A CCATTAGTAG	AATTGATGC	CACCTTTTCAG	CTCGCGCCCC
	TTGCGATGA'	r ggtaatcatc	TTAACTACGO	G TGGAAAAGTC	GAGCGCGGGG
51	AAATGAAAA?	r atagctaaac	AGGTTATTGA	CCATTTGCGA	AATGTATCTA
				GGTAAACGCT	
101	ATGGTCAAA	TAAATCTACT	CGTTCGCAGA	ATTGGGAATC	AACTGTTACA
					TTGACAATGT.
151	TGGAATGAAA	CTTCCAGACA	CCGTACTTTA	GTTGCATATT	TAAAACATGT
				CAACGTATAA	
201	TGAACTACAG	CACCAGATTC	AGCAATTAAG	CTCTAAGCCA	TCCGCAAAAA
				GAGATTCGGT	
251	TGACCTCTTA	TCAAAAGGAG	CAATTAAAGG	TACTGTCTAA	TCCTGACCTG
				ATGACAGATT	
301	TTGGAATTTG	CTTCCGGTCT	GGTTCGCTTT	GAGGCTCGAA	TTGAAACGCG
				CTCCGAGCTT	
351	ATATTTGAAG	TCTTTCGGGC	TTCCTCTTAA	TCTTTTTGAT	GCAATTCGCT
				AGAAAAACTA	
401	TTGCTTCTGA	CTATAATAGA	CAGGGTAAAG	ACCTGATTTT	TGATTTATGG
				TGGACTAAAA	
451	TCATTCTCGT	TTTCTGAACT	GTTTAAAGCA	TTTGAGGGGG	ATTCAATGAA
501				AAACTCCCCC	
501	TATTTATGAC	GATTCCGCAG	TATTGGACGC	TATCCAGTCT	AAACATTTTA
-551				ATAGGTCAGA	
-221	GTTAATGCCC	CICIGGCAAA	ACTICCTTTG	CAAAAGCCTC GTTTTCGGAG	TCGCTATTTT
601					
601	CCAAACATAC	CACCACACCA	TAATGAGGGT	TATGATAGTG	TTGCTCTTAC
				ATACTATCAC	•
651	CATGCCTCGT	AATTCCTTTT	GGCGTTATGT	ATCTGCATTA	GTTGAGTGTG
				TAGACGTAAT	
701	GTATTCCTAA	ATCTCAATTG	ATGAATCTTT	CCACCTGTAA '	TAATGTTGTT
				GGTGGACATT	
751	CCGTTAGTTC	GTTTTATTAA	CGTAGATTTT	TCCTCCCAAC	GTCCTGACTG
				AGGAGGGTTG (	
801	GTATAATGAG	CCAGTTCTTA	AAATCGCATA	AGGTAATTCA A	AAATGATTAA
	CATATTACTC	GGTCAAGAAT	TTTAGCGTAT	TCCATTAAGT	TTTACTAATT

851	AGTTGAAAT	T AAACCGTCT(	C AAGCGCAATT	ר דמרידמרירכי	TCTGGTGTTT
	TCAACTTTA	A TTTGGCAGAC	TTCGCGTTA	A ATGATGGGC	A AGACCACAAA
901	CTCGTCAGG	G CAAGCCTTAT	TCACTGAATO	AGCAGCTTT	TTACGTTGAT
	GAGCAGTCC	C GTTCGGAATA	AGTGACTTAC	CTCGTCGAAA	AATGCAACTA
951	<b>ምም</b> ርርርጥል ልጥ	ጌ ልልጥእጥ <u>ሮ</u> ሮሮሚ	COMMONOR		
731	AACCCATTA	TTATACCCCI	GCTTGTCAAC	ATTACTCTCC	ACGAAGGTCA TGCTTCCAGT
			CGAACAGIIC	. IAAIGAGAG(	TGCTTCCAGT.
1001	GCCAGCGTA'	r GCGCCTGGTC	TGTACACCGT	GCATCTGTCC	TCGTTCAAAG
	CGGTCGCATA	A CGCGGACCAG	ACATGTGGCA	CGTAGACAGG	AGCAAGTTTC
1051	TTGGTCAGTT	CGGTTCTCTT	ATGATTGACC	GTCTGCGCCT	CGTTCCGGCT
	AACCAGTCAA	A GCCAAGAGAA	TACTAACTGG	CAGACGCGGA	GCAAGGCCGA
1101	AAGTAACATO	GAGCAGGTCG	СССАТТТССА	ሮኔ ሮኔ ኔ ጥጥጥአ ጥ	CACCCCAMCA
	TTCATTGTAC	CTCGTCCAGC	GCCTAAAGCT	СПСТАТІТАТ СТСТТАТАТА	CAGGCGAIGA GTCCCCTACT
	•				
1151	TACAAATCTC	CGTTGTACTT	TGTTTCGCGC	TTGGTATAAT	CGCTGGGGGT
	ATGTTTAGAG	GCAACATGAA	ACAAAGCGCG	AACCATATTA	GCGACCCCCA
1201	ሮእ እ እ ሮእ ሞሮእ ር		Ma mm comme co		
1201	GTTTCTACTC	TGTTTTAGTG	ATTACATAG	CCTCTTTCGT	TTTAGGTTGG
	GIIICIACIC	ACAAAATCAC	ATAAGAAAGC	GGAGAAAGCA	AAATCCAACC
1251	TGCCTTCGTA	GTGGCATTAC	GTATTTTACC	CGTTTAATGG	<b>ል ል ል</b> ርጥጥር ርጥር
	ACGGAAGCAT	CACCGTAATG	CATAAAATGG	GCAAATTACC	TTTGAAGGAG
1301	ATGCGTAAGT	CTTTAGTCCT	CAAAGCCTCC	GTAGCCGTTG	CTACCCTCGT
	TACGCATTCA	GAAATCAGGA	GTTTCGGAGG	CATCGGCAAC	GATGGGAGCA
1351	TCCGATGCTG	TCTTTCGCTG	СТСАСССТСА	CCATCCCCCA	A A A CCCCCCCCC
	AGGCTACGAC	AGAAAGCGAC	GACTCCCACT	GCTAGGGCGT	TTTCCCCCCA
1401	TTGACTCCCT	GCAAGCCTCA	GCGACCGAAT	ATATCGGTTA	TGCGTGGGCG
	AACTGAGGGA	CGTTCGGAGT	CGCTGGCTTA	TATAGCCAAT	ACGCACCCGC
1451	<b>እ</b> ጥርርጥጥርጥጥር	TCATTORGO	CCCA A CMA MC		
1471	TACCAACAAC	TCATTGTCGG	CCCTTCATTC	GGTATCAAGC	TGTTTAAGAA
	IACCARCAAC	AGTAACAGCC	GCGIIGAIAG	CCATAGTTCG	ACAAATTCTT
1501	ATTCACCTCG	AAAGCAAGCT	GATAAAGGAG	GTTTCTCGAT	CGAGACGTTN
	TAAGTGGAGC	TTTCGTTCGA	CTATTTCCTC	CAAAGAGCTA	GCTCTGCAAN
1551	NNNGAGGTTC	CAACTTTCAC	CATAATGAAA	TAAGATCACT	ACCGGGCGTA
	NNNCTCCAAG	GTTGAAAGTG	GTATTACTTT	ATTCTAGTGA	TGGCCCGCAT
1601	TTTTTTGAGT	TATCGAGATT	<b>ፐፐር</b> ልርርልርርም	7 7 CC 7 7 CCC	7 7 7 TO CO 7 C 7 -
·	AAAAAACTCA	ATAGCTCTAA	AAGTCCTCGA	TTCCTTCCAT	MAATGGAGAA
1651	AAAAATCACT	GGATATACCA ·	CCGTTGATAT	ATCCCAATGG	CATCGTAAAG
	TTTTTAGTGA	CCTATATGGT	GGCAACTATA	TAGGGTTACC	GTAGCATTTC

			0/39		
1701	AACATTTTG TTGTAAAAC	A GGCATTTCAC T CCGTAAAGTC	TCAGTTGCT	C AATGTACCTA	TAACCAGACC ATTGGTCTGG
1751					
1,31	CAAGTCGAC	C TATAATGCCG	. CIIITT <u>AAA</u> (	G ACCGTAAAGA	AAAATAAGCA
1801	CAAGTTTTA'	T CCGGCCTTTA	TTCACATTC	TGCCCGCCTG	ATGAATGCTC
					TACTTACGAG.
1851	ATCCGGAGT"	I CCGTATGGCA	ATGAAAGACG	GTGAGCTGGT	GATATGGGAT
	TAGGCCTCA	A GGCATACCGT	TACTTTCTGC	CACTCGACCA	CTATACCCTA
1901	AGTGTTCAC	C CTTGTTACAC	CGTTTTCCAT	GAGCAAACTG	AAACGTTTTC
	TCACAAGTG	GAACAATGTG	GCAAAAGGTA	CTCGTTTGAC	TTTGCAAAAG
1951	ATCGCTCTGC	G AGTGAATACC	ACGACGATTI	CCGGCAGTTT	CTACACÁTAT
	TAGCGAGAC	C TCACTTATGG	TGCTGCTAAA	GGCCGTCAAA	GATGTGTATA
2001	N TO COON N CO				
2001	TA ACCOTTO	TGTGGCGTGT	TACGGTGAAA	ACCTGGCCTA	TTTCCCTAAA
		ACACCGCACA			
2051	GGGTTTATTC	G AGAATATGTT	TTTCGTCTCA	GCCAATCCCT	GGGTGAGTTT
	CCCAAATAAC	TCTTATACAA	AAAGCAGAGT	CGGTTAGGGA	CCCACTCAAA
2101	CACCAGTTTI	GATTTAAACG	TGGCCAATAT	GGACAACTTC	TTCGCCCCCG
	GTGGTCAAAA	CTAAATTTGC	ACCGGTTATA	CCTGTTGAAG	AAGCGGGGC
	Nco	I			
2151	TTTTCACCAT	GGGCAAATAT	ТАТАСССААС	CCCACAACCT	CCTC > TO CCC
	AAAAGTGGTA	CCCGTTTATA	ATATGCGTTC	CGCTGTTCCA	CGACTACGGC
2201	CTGGCGATTC	AGGTTCATCA	TGCCGTCTGT	GATGGCTTCC	ATCTCCCCAC
-	GACCGCTAAG	TCCAAGTAGT	ACGGCAGACA	CTACCGAAGG	TACAGCCGTC
2251	AATGCTTAAT	GAATTACAAC	AGTACTGCGA	TGAGTGGCAG	CCCCCCCCT
	TTACGAATTA	CTTAATGTTG	TCATGACGCT	ACTCACCGTC	CCGCCCCGCA
2301	AATTTTTTA	AGGCAGTTAT	TGGTGCCCTT	AAACGCCTGG	TGCTACGCCT
	TTAAAAAAAT	TCCGTCAATA	ACCACGGGAA	TTTGCGGACC	ACGATGCGGA
2351	GAATAAGTGA	TAATAAGCGG	ATGAATGGCA	GAAATTCGAA	AGCAAATTCG
	CTTATTCACT	ATTATTCGCC	TACTTACCGT	CTTTAAGCTT	TCGTTTAAGC
2401	ACCCGGTCGT	CGGTTCAGGG	CAGGGTCGTT	AAATAGCCGC	TTATGTCTAT
	TGGGCCAGCA	GCCAAGTCCC	GTCCCAGCAA	TTTATCGGCG	AATACAGATA
2451	TGCTGGTTTA	CCGGTTTATT	GACTACCGGA	AGCAGTGTGA	CCGTGTGCTT
	ACGACCAAAT	GGCCAAATAA	CTGATGGCCT	TCGTCACACT	GGCACACGAA
2501	CTCAAATGCC	TGAGGCCAGT	TTGCTCAGGC	TCTCCCCcrc (	<u>ር</u> ልርርጥአ አጥአ አ
	GAGTTTACGG	ACTCCGGTCA	AACGAGTCCG	AGAGGGGCAC	CTCCATTATT
			-	,	

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2551	
•	AACGAGCTGG CTATTTTCGC CGAAGGACTG TCCTCCGGCA AAACAAAACG
2601	
2001	TO TO THE PROCESS OF
	TCGGGTGGAG TTGCGTTAAT TACACTCAAT CGAGTGAGTA ATCCGTGGGG
2651	ACCCUTURA CA CURREA MOCENTA CARA CARA CARA CARA CARA CARA CARA CA
2051	TO THE CONTROL OF THE
	TCCGAAATGT GAAATACGAA GGCCGAGCAT ACAACACACC TTAACACTCG
2701	GGATAACAAT TTCACACAGG AAACAGCTAT GACCATGATT ACGAATTTCT
	CCTATTGTTA AAGTGTGTCC TTTGTCGATA CTGGTACTAA TGCTTAAAGA
	TITOTOGATA CIGGIACTAA TGCTTAAAGA
2751	AGATAACGAG GGCAAATCAT GAAAAAGACA GCTATCGCGA TTGCAGTGGC
	TCTATTGCTC CCGTTTAGTA CTTTTTCTGT CGATAGCGCT AACGTCACCG
2801	TAGCGCAGGC CGACTACCG TAGCGCAGGC CGACTACAAA CATATCCTTA
	TGACCGACCA AAGCGATGGC ATCGCGTCCG GCTGATGTTT CTATAGCAAT
2851	
	ACTGGGTCAG TGGCAGGAGG GACTGGCAAT GGCGACCACT TTTTCAATGG
2901	ATCTCCTCCA CCTCCTCCA
2301	TO THE TOTAL COLOCIOCA GICCOLGITC AACTCCCGTA AACACAAAAA
	TACAGGACGT GGAGGAGGT CAGGGACAAG TTGAGGCCAT TTGTCTTTTT
2951	CTACCTGACC TGGTATCAGC AGAAACCGGG TCAGCCACCG AAAGTTCTGA
	GATGGACTGG ACCATAGTCG TCTTTGGCCC AGTCGGTGGC TTTCAAGACT
	TOTTICGGE AGICGGIGGC TITCAAGACT
3001	TCTACTGGGC TTCCACCCGT GAATCCGGTG TTCCAGACCG TTTCACCGGT
	AGATGACCCG AAGGTGGGCA CTTAGGCCAC AAGGTCTGGC AAAGTGGCCA
3051	
	AGGCCAAGGC CGTGGCTGAA GTGGGACTGG TAGAGGAGGC AAGTCCGACT
3101	ACACCECCCE CERTS CT
2101	THE TACTACT GCCAGACGA CTACTCCAAC CCACTCACCA
	TCTGGACCGA CAAATGATGA CGGTCTTGCT GATGAGGTTG GGTGACTGGA
3151	TCGGTGGTGG CACCAAACTG GAACTTAAGC GCGCTGGTGG TGGAGGGTCT
	AGCCACCACC GTGGTTTGAC CTTGAATTCG CGCGACCACC ACCTCCCAGA
	TOTAL CITCARTICG CGCGACCACC ACCICCCAGA
	BamHI
	~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~
3201	GGAGGAGGTG GGAGTGGGGG AGGTGGATCC GGCGGGGGAG GTTCAGGGGG
	CCTCCTCCAC CCTCACCCCC TCCACCTAGG CCGCCCCCTC CAAGTCCCCC
2051	
3251	TCAACTAGTT GAATCCGCG GITCAGAAGI TCAACTAGTT GAATCCGCTC
	ACCGCCATCA CCTCCCCCGC CAAGTCTTCA AGTTGATCAA CTTAGGCCAC
3301	GTGACCTGGT TAAACCGCCT GCTTTGGCTT
-501	THE COURT OF THE C
	CACTGGACCA ATTTGGCCCA CCAAGGGACT TTGACAGGAC GCGACGAAGG

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3351	GGTTTCTCCT TCTCCTCCTA CGGTATGTCC TGGGTTCGTC AGACCCCGGA
	CCAAAGAGGA AGAGGAGGAT GCCATACAGG ACCCAAGCAG TCTGGGGCCT
3401	
	GTTTGCAGAC CTTACCCAAC GATGGTAGAG GTTGCCACCA CCAATGTGGA
3451	TO THE COLUMN STEEL THE CONTROL OF THE TOTAL
	TGATGGGCCT GAGGCAATTT CCAGCAAAGT GGTAGAGGGC ACTGTTGCGA
	PstI
3501	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
	TTTTTGTGGG ACATGGACGT CTACAGGAGG GACTTTAGGC TTCTGAGTCG
3551	TATGTACTAC TGCGCTCGTC GTGAACGTTA CGACGAAAAC GGTTTCGCTT
	ATACATGATG ACGCGAGCAG CACTTGCAAT GCTGCTTTTG CCAAAGCGAA
	EcoRI
3601	ACTGGGGTCA GGGTACCCTG GTTACCGTTT CAGCTTCCGG AGAATTCGAG
	TGACCCCAGT CCCATGGGAC CAATGGCAAA GTCGAAGGCC TCTTAAGCTC
	AvaI ~~~~~
3651	GCCTCGGGGG CCGAGGGCGG CGGTTCTGGT TCCGGTGATT TTGATTATGA
	CGGAGCCCCC GGCTCCCGCC GCCAAGACCA AGGCCACTAA AACTAATACT
3701	AAAAATGGCA AACGCTAATA AGGGGGCTAT GACCGAAAAT GCCGATGAAA
	TTTTTACCGT TTGCGATTAT TCCCCCGATA CTGGCTTTTA CGGCTACTTT
3751	ACGCGCTACA GTCTGACGCT AAAGGCAAAC TTGATTCTGT CGCTACTGAT
	TGCGCGATGT CAGACTGCGA TTTCCGTTTG AACTAAGACA GCGATGACTA
-	ClaI
3801	TACGGTGCTG CTATCGATGG TTTCATTGGT GACGTTTCCG GCCTTGCTAA
	ATGCCACGAC GATAGCTACC AAAGTAACCA CTGCAAAGGC CGGAACGATT
3851	TGGTAATGGT GCTACTGGTG ATTTTGCTGG CTCTAATTCC CAAATGGCTC
	ACCATTACCA CGATGACCAC TAAAACGACC GAGATTAAGG GTTTACCGAG
3901	AAGTCGGTGA CGGTGATAAT TCACCTTTAA TGAATAATTT CCGTCAATAT
	TTCAGCCACT GCCACTATTA AGTGGAAATT ACTTATTAAA GGCAGTTATA
3951	TTACCTTCCC TCCCTCAATC GGTTGAATGT CGCCCTTTTG TCTTTGGCGC
	AATGGAAGGG AGGGAGTTAG CCAACTTACA GCGGGAAAAC AGAAACCGCG
4001	TGGTAAACCA TATGAATTTT CTATTGATTG TGACAAAATA AACTTATTCC
	ACCATTTGGT ATACTTAAAA GATAACTAAC ACTGTTTTAT TTGAATAAGG
1051	GTGGTGTCTT TGCGTTTCTT TTATATGTTG CCACCTTTAT GTATGTATTT
	CACCACAGAA ACGCAAAGAA AATATACAAC GGTGGAAATA CATACATAAA

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4101	TCTACGTTTG	רדם מרמידא כיי	r cccmaamaa		~~~~
	AGATGCAAAC	GATTGTATG	CGCATTATT	GAGTCTTGA CCTCAGAACT	T AAGCTTCGAG A TTCGAAGCTC
4151	AAATTCACCT	CGAAAGCAA	CTGATAAAC	GATACAATT	ል ልልርርርጥርርጥጥ
	TTTAAGTGGA	GCTTTCGTTC	GACTATTTG	G CTATGTTAA	T TTCCGAGGAA
			EcoRI		-
4201	TTGGAGCCTT	TTTTTTTGGA	GAATTCAATC	· ATGCCAGTT	TTTTGGGTAT
	AACCTCGGAA	AAAAAAACCI	CTTAAGTTAG	TACGGTCAA	AAAACCCATA
4251	TCCGTTATTA	TTGCGTTTCC	TCGGTTTCCT	TCTGGTAACT	TTGTTCGGCT
	AGGCAATAAT	AACGCAAAGG	AGCCAAAGGA	AGACCATTGA	AACAAGCCGA
4201					
4301		TTTCCTTAAA	AAGGGCTTCG	GTAAGATAGO	TATTGCTATT
	INGACGAAIG	AAAGGAATTT	TTCCCGAAGC	CATTCTATCG	ATAACGATAA
4351	TCATTGTTTC	TTGCTCTTAT	TATTGGGCTT	' ልልሮሞሮልልሞሞሮ	TTGTGGGTTA
	AGTAACAAAG	AACGAGAATA	ATAACCCGAA	TTGAGTTAAG	AACACCCAAT
4401	TCTCTCTGAT	ATTAGCGCAC	AATTACCCTC	TGATTTTGTT	CAGGGCGTTC
	AGAGAGACTA	TAATCGCGTG	TTAATGGGAG	ACTAAAACAA	GTCCCGCAAG
4451	AGTTAATTCT	CCCGTCTAAT	GCGCTTCCCT	ርጥጥጥጥላ ጥርጥ	TATTCTCTCT
	TCAATTAAGA	GGGCAGATTA	CGCGAAGGGA	CAAAAATACA	ATAAGAGAGA
4501	GTAAAGGCTG	CTATTTTCAT	TTTTGACGTT	AAACAAAAAA	TCGTTTCTTA
	CATTTCCGAC	GATAAAAGTA	AAAACTGCAA	TTTGTTTTT	AGCAAAGAAT
4551	TTTGGATTGG	GATAAATAAA	TATGGCTGTT	TATTTTGTAA	CTGGCAAATT
	AAACCTAACC	CTATTTATTT	ATACCGACAA	ATAAAACATT	GACCGTTTAA
- 4601	A COOTTOTTOO A	<b>110100000</b>			
4001	AGGCTCTGGA TCCGAGACCT	AAGACGCTCG	TTAGCGTTGG	TAAGATTCAG	GATAAAATTG
	recononect	TICIGCGAGC	AATCGCAACC	ATTCTAAGTC	CTATTTTAAC
4651	TAGCTGGGTG	CAAAATAGCA	ACTAATCTTG	ATTTAAGGCT	TCAAAACCTC
	ATCGACCCAC	GTTTTATCGT	TGATTAGAAC	TAAATTCCGA	AGTTTTGGAG
4501					
4 / 0 1	CCGCAAGTCG	GGAGGTTCGC	TAAAACGCCT	CGCGTTCTTA	GAATACCGGA
	GGCGTTCAGC	CCICCAAGCG	ATTTTGCGGA	GCGCAAGAAT	CTTATGGCCT
4751	TAAGCCTTCT A	ATTTCTGATT	TGCTTGCTAT	TGGTCGTGGT	ል ል ፕርል ፕፕሮር ፕ
	ATTCGGAAGA	TAAAGACTAA	ACGAACGATA	ACCAGCACCA	TTACTAAGGA
4801	ACGACGAAAA	FAAAAACGGT	TTGCTTGTTC	TTGATGAATG	CGGTACTTGG
	TGCTGCTTTT 1	ALLLITIGCCA	AACGAACAAG	AACTACTTAC	GCCATGAACC
4851	TTTAATACCC (	STTCATGGAA	TGACAAGGAA	AGACAGCCGA	<b>ጥጥልጥጥርልጥጥ</b> ር
	AAATTATGGG (	CAAGTACCTT	ACTGTTCCTT	TCTGTCGGCT	AATAACTAAC

		_	10/37		
4901	GTTTCTTCAT	r gctcgtaaaj	TGGGATGGGA	A TATTATTTT	CTTGTTCAGG
	CAAAGAAGT	A CGAGCATTTA	ACCCTACCCT	ATAATAAAA	GAACAAGTCC
					· ormermoree
4951	ATTTATCTAT	TGTTGATAAA	CAGGCGCGTT	י פייפראיייאפר	TGAACACGTT
	TAAATAGATA	ACAACTATTT	GTCCCCCCA	CIGCATIAGO	ACTTGTGCAA
			. GICCGCGCAA	GACGIAAICC	ACTIGIGCAA
5001	<b>ር</b> ጥጥላ ጥጥረጥረ	י פררריייריייריי	CACA A MMA CO		TCGGCACTTT
3452		CCCCACACGG	CAGAATIACI	TTACCCTTTC	TCGGCACTTT
	CANATAACAC	* CGGCAGACCI	GICTTAATGA	AATGGGAAAC	AGCCGTGAAA
5051	እ ጥእ <b>ጥጥ</b> ረጥረጥብ	COURT			
5051	MIMILCICII	. GITACTGGCT	CAAAAATGCC	TCTGCCTAAA	TTACATGTTG
	TATAAGAGAA	CAATGACCGA	GTTTTTACGG	AGACGGATTI	' AATGTACAAC
5101	GTGTTGTTAA	ATATGGTGAT	' ТСТСААТТАА	GCCCTACTGT	TGAGCGTTGG
	CACAACAATT	TATACCACTA	AGAGTTAATT	CGGGATGACA	ACTCGCAACC
5151	CTTTATACTG	GTAAGAATTT	ATATAACGCA	TATGACACTA	AACAGGCTTT
	GAAATATGAC	CATTCTTAAA	TATATTGCGT	ATACTGTGAT	TTGTCCGAAA
					11010001111
5201	TTCCAGTAAT	TATGATTCAG	GTGTTTATTC	ATATTTAACC	<u> </u>
	AAGGTCATTA	ATACTAAGTC	CACAAATAAG	TATAAATTCC	CCITATITAL
			0110122111110	INIMMI 100	GGARIAAAIA
5251	CACACGGTCG	GTATTTCAAA	<b>ሮሮልሞሞል አ</b> ልሞሞ	<b>ሞአርር</b> ሞርአርአአ	C 3 TC 3 3 3 TC 3
	GTGTGCCAGC	CATAAAGTTT	GGTAATTTAA	ATCCACTCTT	CTA CTTTTA
		0.11.11.10111	COLMITIM	AICCAGICII	CIACITIAAT
5301	АСТАВАВТАТ	ATTTGAAAAA	CTTTTCTCC		TITIC C C A TITA C C
	ፐርልጥጥጥልጥል	TAAACTTTTT	CARACACAC	GIICIIIGIC	TIGCGATAGG
	IONITITALA	IMMACIIIII	CAAAAGAGCG	CAAGAAACAG	AACGCTATCC
5351	<b>ል ጥጥጥር ር አ</b> ጥር አ	GCATTTACAT	3 III 3 CIIIII 3 III 3 III	33.00033.000	
JJJ1	TAAACCTACT	CCTAAATCAA	MARGITATAT	AACCCAACCT	AAGCCGGAGG
	IMAACGIAGI	CGTAAATGTA	TATCAATATA	TTGGGTTGGA	TTCGGCCTCC
5401	ጥጥአአአአአርርጥ	» CITICITICITIC» C	1.00m1 man		•
3401	1 IAAAAAGGI	AGTCTCTCAG	ACCTATGATT	TTGATAAATT	CACTATTGAC
	AATTTTCCA	TCAGAGAGTC	TGGATACTAA	AACTATTTAA	GTGATAACTG
C453	mammama, aa	GEOGRAP			
5451	TCTTCTCAGC	GTCTTAATCT	AAGCTATCGC	TATGTTTTCA	AGGATTCTAA
	AGAAGAGTCG	CAGAATTAGA	TTCGATAGCG	ATACAAAAGT	TCCTAAGATT
5501	GGGAAAATTA	ATTAATAGCG	ACGATTTACA	GAAGCAAGGT	TATTCCATCA
	CCCTTTTAAT	TAATTATCGC	TGCTAAATGT	CTTCGTTCCA	ATAAGGTAGT
5551	CATATATTGA	TTTATGTACT	GTTTCAATTA	AAAAAGGTAA	TTCAAATGAA
	GTATATAACT	AAATACATGA	CAAAGTTAAT	TTTTTCCATT	AAGTTTACTT
5601	ATTGTTAAAT	GTAATTAATT	TTGTTTTCTT	GATGTTTGTT	TCATCATCTT
	TAACAATTTA	CATTAATTAA	AACAAAAGAA	CTACAAACAA	ΑGΤΑGΤΑGΑ
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5651	CTTTTGCTCA	AGTAATTGAA	ATGAATAATT	ССССТСТССС	<u> </u>
	GAAAACGAGT	TCATTAACTT	ΤΑСΤΤΑΤΤΑΔ	GCGCACACCC	CONTITUCTO
		- J 1.MC-11	THETTALINA	GCGGAGACGC	GCIAAAGCAC
5701	ACTTGGTATT	CAAAGCAAAC	ልርርጥርል አጥርጥ	ርጥጥእ ጥጥረመረመ	C A COMO A MOM
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	- or a reconstant	-111001110	1 CCACI IAGA	CAMIAACAGA	GTGGACTACA

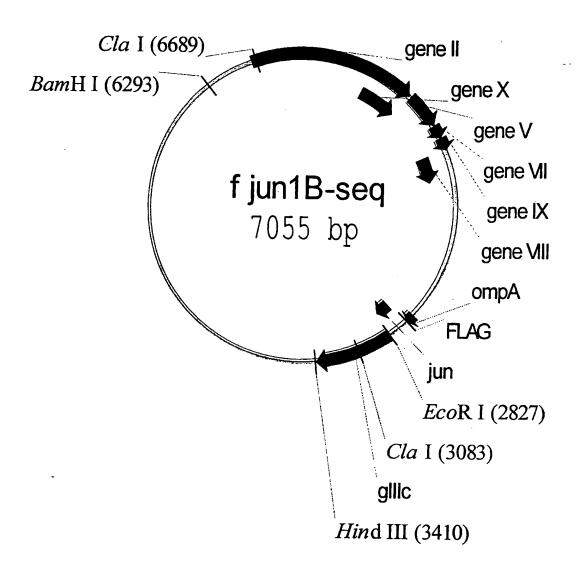
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5753	TAAAGGTACA GTGACTGTAT ATTCCTCTGA CGTTAAGCCT GAAAATTTAC	,
	ATTTCCATGT CACTGACATA TAAGGAGACT GCAATTCGGA CTTTTAAATG	_
	GCAATICGGA CITTTAAATG	,
5801	GCAATTTTT TATCTCTCTT TTA COTCCT	
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	CGTTAAAGAA ATAGAGACAA AATGCACGAT TATTAAAACT ATACCAACCG	ļ
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	TTTTAATTAT TCCAACCCC TTTTCCTAATTAT TAGAATTCTT	
	TTTTAATTAT TGCAAGCGCG TTTCCTAAAT TATTCCCAAC ATCTTAACAA	
C051	ECEMPA A MODEL A A TOLERA	
6051	TGTTAAATCT AATACATCTA AATCCTCAAA TGTATTATCT GTTGATGGTT	
	ACAATTTAGA TTATGTAGAT TTAGGAGTTT ACATAATAGA CAACTACCAA	
6101	CTAACTTATT AGTAGTTAGC GCCCCTAAAG ATATTTTAGA TAACCTTCCG	
	GATTGAATAA TCATCAATCG CGGGGATTTC TATAAAATCT ATTGGAAGGC	
	TATAAAATCT ATTGGAAGGC	
6151		
0131	TITOCCAACT GALLACATAT TITOCCAACT	
	GTTAAAGAAA GATGACAACT AAACGGTTGA CTGGTCTATA ACTAACTTCC	
6201	ATTAATTTTC GAGGTTCAGC AAGGTGATGC TTTAGATTTT TCCTTTGCTG	
	TAATTAAAAG CTCCAAGTCG TTCCACTACG AAATCTAAAA AGGAAACGAC	
	TOTAL	
6251	CTGGCTCTCA GCGCGGCACT GTTGCTGGTG GTGTTAATAC TGACCGTCTA	
	GACCGAGAGT CCCCCCCCCA CAACCACGAG GAGAAGAAC TGACCGTCTA	
	GACCGAGAGT CGCGCCGTGA CAACGACCAC CACAATTATG ACTGGCAGAT	
6301	A COMORDEM IN MORE AND A STATE OF THE STATE	
\$20T	ACCTCTGTTT TATCTTCTGC GGGTGGTTCG TTCGGTATTT TTAACGGCGA	
	TGGAGACAAA ATAGAAGACG CCCACCAAGC AAGCCATAAA AATTGCCGCT	
6351	TGTTTTAGGG CTATCAGTTC GCGCATTAAA GACTAATAGC CATTCAAAAA	
	ACAAAATCCC GATAGTCAAG CGCGTAATTT CTGATTATCG GTAAGTTTTT	
	CIGATIATES GIAAGITIT	
6401	TATTCTCTCT CCCTCCTATT CTTA CCCTTT CA CCCTTT	
0101	TATTGTCTGT GCCTCGTATT CTTACGCTTT CAGGTCAGAA GGGTTCTATT	
	ATAACAGACA CGGAGCATAA GAATGCGAAA GTCCAGTCTT CCCAAGATAA	
6451	TCTGTTGGCC AGAATGTCCC TTTTATTACT GGTCGTGTAA CTGGTGAATC	
	AGACAACCGG TCTTACAGGG AAAATAATGA CCAGCACATT GACCACTTAG	
	carrotter areas createring	
6501	TGCCAATGTA AATAATCCAT TTCAGACGGT TGAGCGTCAA AATGTTGGTA	
	ACGGTTACAT TTATTACCTA AACTGTGCGA ACTGTTGGTA	
	ACGGTTACAT TTATTAGGTA AAGTCTGCCA ACTCGCAGTT TTACAACCAT	
6551	TTTCTATCAC TOTTTTTTCCC	
0221	TTTCTATGAG TGTTTTTCCC GTTGCAATGG CTGGCGGTAA TATTGTTTTA	
	AAAGATACTC ACAAAAAGGG CAACGTTACC GACCGCCATT ATAACAAAAT	

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6601	GATATAACCA	A GTAAGGCCGA	TAGTTTGAG	T ጥርጥጥርጥአርጥረ	AGGCAAGTGA
	CTATATTGGT	CATTCCGCCT	י אדירא א א רייים	A AGAAGATGAG	AGGCAAGIGA
		CATICCOGCI	AICAAACICA	A AGAAGATGAG	TCCGTTCACT
6651	TGTTATTACT	' AATCAAAGAA	GTATTGCGA	C AACGGTTAAT	TTGCGTGATG
	ACAATAATGA	TTAGTTTCTT	ראדאארפרדנ	G TTGCCAATTA	77CCC1CIIC
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6701	CTC A C A CTC CT				
6701	GICAGACTCI	TTTGCTCGGT	' GGCCTCACTC	ATTACAAAA	CACTTCTCAA
	CAGTCTGAGA	AAACGAGCCA	CCGGAGTGAC	TAATGTTTT	GTGAAGAGTT
	•				OTOLDIONGIF
6751	GATTCTCCTC	TCCCCTTTCCT	(M(M) 111 m		
0,31	OFFICIONS	1000011001	GICTAAAATC	CCTTTAATCG	GCCTCCTGTT
	CTAAGACCAC	ACGGCAAGGA	CAGATTTTAC	GGAAATTAGC	CGGAGGACAA
6801	TAGCTCCCGT	TCTGATTCTA	ACGAGGAAAG	CACGTTGTAC	CMCCMccmcx
	ATCCACCCCA	ACACMA ACAM	MACAGAGAAAG	CACGIIGIAC	GIGCICGICA
	ATCONGGGCA	AGACTAAGAT	TGCTCCTTTC	GTGCAACATG	CACGAGCAGT
6851	AAGCAACCAT	AGTACGCGCC	CTGTAGCGGC	GCATTAAGCG	CCCCCCCCC
	TTCGTTGGTA	TCATGCGCGG	CACATCCCCC	CGTAATTCGC	CGGCGGGGG
	110011001A	1 CHIGCGCGG	GACATCGCCG	CGTAATTCGC	GCCGCCCACA
6901	GGTGGTTACG	CGCAGCGTGA	CCGCTACACT	TGCCAGCGCC	CTAGCGCCCG
	CCACCAATGC	GCGTCGCACT	GGCGATGTGA	ACGGTCGCGG	CATCCCCCCC
			COCCITOTOR	. ACGGICGCGG	GAICGCGGGC
6951	OTTO COMMUNICA CA	MMM comm co co			
0331	CICCIIICGC	TTTCTTCCCT	TCCTTTCTCG	CCACGTTCTC	CGGCTTTCCC
	GAGGAAAGCG	AAAGAAGGGA	AGGAAAGAGC	GGTGCAAGAG	GCCGAAAGGG
			BamHI		
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7001	COMON NO COMO		~~~~		
7001	CGTCAAGCTC	TAAATCGGGG	GATCCCTTTA	GGGTTCCGAT	TTAGTGCTTT
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7051	A CCCCA CCTC	CACCTCCAAA	3 3 CMMC 3 MMM	~~~~	
1031	ACGGCACCIC	GACCICCAAA	AACTTGATTT	GGGTGATGGT	TCACGTAGTG
	TGCCGTGGAG	CTGGAGGTTT	TTGAACTAAA	CCCACTACCA	AGTGCATCAC
7101	GGCCATCGCC	CTGATAGACG	GTTTTTCCCC	CTTTGACGTT	CCA CTCCA CC
	CCCCTACCCC	CACTATION	CARARAGE	CITICACGII	GGAGICCACG
•	CCGGIAGCGG	GACTATCTGC	CAAAAAGCGG	GAAACTGCAA	CCTCAGGTGC
7151	TTCTTTAATA	GTGGACTCTT	GTTCCAAACT	GGAACAACAC	ТСАСААСТАА
	AAGAAATTAT	CACCTGAGAA	CAAGGTTTGA	CCTTGTTGTG	A COCCUMICATION
			CHICOTTICA	CCIIGIIGIG	AGIGIIGAII
7201	CEICCOCCETT III				
1201	CTCGGCCTAT	TCTTTTGATT	TATAAGGATT	TTTGTCATTT	TCTGCTTACT
	GAGCCGGATA	AGAAAACTAA	ATATTCCTAA	AAACAGTAAA	<b>АСАССА АТСА</b>
7251	CCTTAAAAA	ጥ አ ለ ር ር ጥር አ መመ	M330333ms		
1231	GGTTAAAAA	TAAGCIGATI	TAACAAATAT	TTAACGCGAA	ATTTAACAAA
	CCAATTTTTT	ATTCGACTAA .	ATTGTTTATA	AATTGCGCTT	TAAATTGTTT
7301	ACATTAACGT	<b>ጥጉልሮል ልጥጥ</b> ተአ	ል <b>ስጥ ስጥጥ ሲ</b>	ጥአጥአ (73 3 ጠ (25 )	
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	TGTAATTGCA	MAIGITAAAT	LIATAAACGA	ATATGTTAGT A	AGGACAAAAA
7351	GGGGCTTTTC	TGATTATCAA	CCGGGGTACA	TATGATTGAC	<b>ኒ</b> ሞርርጥልርጥጥጥ
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7401	TACGATTACC	GTTCATCGAT	TCTCTTGTTT	GCTCCAGACT	TTCAGGTAAT
	ATGCTAATGG	CAAGTAGCTA	AGAGAACAAA	CGAGGTCTGA	AAGTCCATTA
7451	GACCTGATAG	CCTTTGTAGA	CCTCTCAAAA	ATAGCTACCC	ТСТСССССАТ
	CTGGACTATC	GGAAACATCT	GGAGAGTTTT	TATCGATGGG	AGAGGCCGTA
7501	GAATTTATCA	GCTAGAACGG	TTGAATATCA	TATTGACGGT	GATTTGACTG
	CTTAAATAGT	CGATCTTGCC	AACTTATAGT	ATAACTGCCA	CTAAACTGAC
7551	TCTCCGGCCT	TTCTCACCCG	TTTGAATCTT	TGCCTACTCA	TTACTCCGGC
	AGAGGCCGGA	AAGAGTGGGC	AAACTTAGAA	ACGGATGAGT	AATGAGGCCG
7601	ATTGCATTTA	AAATATATGA	GGGTTCTAAA	AATTTTTATC	CCTGCGTTGA
	TAACGTAAAT	TTTATATACT	CCCAAGATTT	TTAAAAATAG	GGACGCAACT
7651	AATTAAGGCT	TCACCAGCAA	AAGTATTACA	GGGTCATAAT	GTTTTTGGTA
	TTAATTCCGA	AGTGGTCGTT	TTCATAATGT	CCCAGTATTA	CAAAAACCAT
7701	CAACCGATTT	AGCTTTATGC	TCTGAGGCTT	TATTGCTTAA	ТТТТССТААС
	GTTGGCTAAA	TCGAAATACG	AGACTCCGAA	ATAACGAATT	AAAACGATTG
7751	TCTCTGCCTT	GCTTGTACGA	TTTATTGGAT	GTT	
		CGAACATGCT			

Figure 3



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1	AACGCTACTA	CCATTAGTAC	AATTGATGC	CACCTTTTCAC	G CTCGCGCCCC
	TTGCGATGAT	GGTAATCAT(	C TTAACTACGO	G TGGAAAAGT	C GAGCGCGGGG
51	22200222222				
21	AAATGAAAAT	ATAGCTAAA(	AGGTTATTGA	A CCATTTGCG	A AATGTATCTA
	IIIACIIIIA	TATCGATTT	F TCCAATAACT	GGTAAACGC	T TTACATAGAT
101	ATGGTCAAAC	' ጥልልልጥሮምል <b>ር</b> ግ		A MMCCCCA A MC	C AACTGTTACA
	TACCAGTTTC	ATTTAGATGA	CGIICGCAGA	ATTGGGAAT(	AACTGTTACA TTGACAATGT
			COLARGOGICI	IAACCCITAC	3 IIGACAATGT
151	TGGAATGAAA	CTTCCAGACA	CCGTACTTTA	GTTGCATATT	TAAAACATGT
	ACCTTACTTT	GAAGGTCTGT	GGCATGAAAT	CAACGTATA	ATTTTGTACA
201	TGAACTACAG	CACCAGATTO	AGCAATTAAG	CTCTAAGCCA	TCCGCAAAAA
	ACTTGATGTC	GTGGTCTAAG	TCGTTAATTC	GAGATTCGGT	AGGCGTTTTT
251	ጥሮን ሮሮጥሮጥጥን	MC22222CC2C	G1.1mm		
231	ACTECACIAN	A CTTTTTCCTC	CAATTAAAGG	TACTGTCTAA	TCCTGACCTG
	ACIGGAGAAI	AGIIIICCIC	GITAATTTCC	ATGACAGATI	AGGACTGGAC
301	TTGGAATTTG	CTTCCGGTCT	<b>GGTTCGCTTT</b>	GACCCTCCAA	TTGAAACGCG
	AACCTTAAAC	GAAGGCCAGA	CCAAGCGAAA	CTCCGAGCTT	' AACTTTGCGC
				01000.10011	111011110000
351	ATATTTGAAG	TCTTTCGGGC	TTCCTCTTAA	TCTTTTTGAT	GCAATTCGCT
	TATAAACTTC	AGAAAGCCCG	AAGGAGAATT	AGAAAAACTA	CGTTAAGCGA
	##GOM#GMG>	CD1 - 1 - 1 - 1			
401	AACCAACACT	CTATAATAGA	CAGGGTAAAG	ACCTGATTTT	TGATTTATGG
	AACGAAGACT	GATATTATCT	GTCCCATTTC	TGGACTAAAA	ACTAAATACC
451	TCATTCTCGT	ТТТСТСААСТ	GTTTD A ACCA	<b>ጥጥጥሮ</b> እርርርርር	ATTCAATGAA
	AGTAAGAGCA	AAAGACTTGA	CAAATTTCGT	AAACTCCCCC	TAACTTACTT
					IAAGIIACII
501	TATTTATGAC	GATTCCGCAG	TATTGGACGC	TATCCAGTCT	AAACATTTTA
	ATAAATACTG	CTAAGGCGTC	ATAACCTGCG	ATAGGTCAGA	TTTGTAAAAT
<b>5</b> 51	CAATTACCCC	CTCTGGCAAA	ACTTCCTTTG	CAAAAGCCTC	TCGCTATTTT
	GTTAATGGGG	GAGACCGTTT	TGAAGGAAAC	GTTTTCGGAG	AGCGATAAAA
601	ርርጥጥጥሮሞልጥሮ	CTCCTCTCCT	TA ATCA COOR	<b>M3 M33 M3 GM</b> 6	
001	CCAAAGATAG	CACCACACCA	TAATGAGGGT ATTACTCCCA	TATGATAGTG	TIGCTCTTAC
	0011110111110	CHOCHOACCA	ATTACTCCCA	AIACIAICAC	AACGAGAATG
651	CATGCCTCGT	AATTCCTTTT	GGCGTTATGT	ATCTGCATTA	GTTGAGTGTG
	GTACGGAGCA	TTAAGGAAAA	CCGCAATACA	TAGACGTAAT	CAACTCACAC
701	GTATTCCTAA	ATCTCAATTG	ATGAATCTTT	CCACCTGTAA	TAATGTTGTT
	CATAAGGATT	TAGAGTTAAC	TACTTAGAAA	GGTGGACATT	ATTACAACAA
753	CCCTTT CTTC	Common and a	00ms +		
751	CCGTTAGTTC	GITTTATTAA	CGTAGATTTT	TCCTCCCAAC	GTCCTGACTG
	GGCAATCAAG	CAAAATAATT	GCATCTAAAA	AGGAGGGTTG	CAGGACTGAC
801	GTATAATGAG	CCAGTTCTTA	АААТСССАТА	<u>እርር</u> ሞእ አመጥር አ	እ እ <b>እጥ</b> ሮ እ ጥጥ እ ኦ
	CATATTACTC	GGTCAAGAAT	TTTAGCGTAT	TCCDTANIICA	THAT THAT THAT
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851	AGTTGAAATT	AAACCGTCT(	AAGCGCAAT	TACTACCCG	r TCTGGTGTTT
	TCAACTTTAA	TTTGGCAGAG	TTCGCGTTA	A ATGATGGGC	A AGACCACAAA
901	CTCGTCAGGG	CAAGCCTTAT	TCACTGAAT	G AGCAGCTTTC	TTACGTTGAT
	GAGCAGTCCC	GTTCGGAATA	AGTGACTTA	CTCGTCGAAA	C AATGCAACTA
951	TTGGGTAATG	AATATCCGGT	GCTTGTCAAC	ATTACTCTCC	ACGAAGGTCA
	AACCCATTAC	TTATAGGCCA	CGAACAGTTC	TAATGAGAG	TGCTTCCAGT
1001	GCCAGCGTAT	GCGCCTGGTC	TGTACACCGT	GCATCTGTCC	TCGTTCAAAG
	CGGTCGCATA	CGCGGACCAG	ACATGTGGCA	CGTAGACAGO	AGCAAGTTTC
1051	TTGGTCAGTT	CGGTTCTCTT	ATGATTGACC	GTCTGCGCCT	CGTTCCGGCT
	AACCAGTCAA	GCCAAGAGAA	TACTAACTGG	CAGACGCGGA	GCAAGGCCGA
1101	AAGTAACATG	GAGCAGGTCG	CGGATTTCGA	CACAATTTAT	CAGGCGATGA
	TTCATTGTAC	CTCGTCCAGC	GCCTAAAGCT	GTGTTAAATA	GTCCGCTACT
1151	TACAAATCTC	CGTTGTACTT	TGTTTCGCGC	TTGGTATAAT	CGCTGGGGGT
	ATGTTTAGAG	GCAACATGAA	ACAAAGCGCG	AACCATATTA	GCGACCCCCA
1201	CAAAGATGAG	TGTTTTAGTG	TATTCTTTCG	CCTCTTTCGT	TTTAGGTTGG
	GTTTCTACTC	ACAAAATCAC	ATAAGAAAGC	GGAGAAAGCA	AAATCCAACC
1051	Macamaan				
1251	TGCCTTCGTA	GTGGCATTAC	GTATTTTACC	CGTTTAATGG	AAACTTCCTC
	ACGGAAGCAT	CACCGTAATG	CATAAAATGG	GCAAATTACC	TTTGAAGGAG
1301	እ <i>ጥር ርር</i> ምል አ <i>ር</i> ም	CTTTT CTCCT	G3.3.3.000====		
1301	TACCCATTCA	CITTAGTCCT	CAAAGCCTCC	GTAGCCGTTG	CTACCCTCGT
	IACGCATICA	GAAATCAGGA	GTTTCGGAGG	CATCGGCAAC	GATGGGAGCA
1351	тссватесте	тстттссстс	CTCACCCTCA	CGATCCCGCA	
1001	AGGCTACGAC	ACANACCCAC	CACTCCCACT	GCTAGGGCGT	AAAGCGGCCT
	MODELACGAC	AGAAAGCGAC	GACICCCACT	GCTAGGGCGT	TTTCGCCGGA
1401	TTGACTCCCT	GCAAGCCTCA	GCCA CCCA AT	ATATCGGTTA	macamaaaaa
	AACTGAGGGA	CGTTCGGAGT	CCCTCCCTTA	TATAGCCAAT	TGCGTGGGCG
		COTTCOOAGT	CGCIGGCIIA	IAIAGCCAAT	ACGCACCCGC
1451	ATGGTTGTTG	TCATTGTCGG	СССААСТАТС	CCTATCAACC	ጥር ምንጥ እ ለ እ
	TACCAACAAC	AGTAACAGCC	GCGTTGATAG	CCATAGTTCG	1G111AAGAA
			CCGIICAIAG	CCATAGITCG	ACAAATICII
1501	ATTCACCTCG	AAAGCAAGCT	GATAAAGGAG	СТТТСТССЛТ	CCACA CCTTA
	TAAGTGGAGC	TTTCGTTCGA	СТАТТТССТС	CANAGAGGTA	CCTCTCCAAA
				CAMAGAGCIA	GCTCTGCAAN
1551	NNNGAGGTTC	CAACTTTCAC	CATAATGAAA	ТААСАТСАСТ	ACCGCGCGTA
	NNNCTCCAAG	GTTGAAAGTG	GTATTACTTT	ATTCTAGTGA	TEGECCECAT
				MITCIRGIGA	IGGCCCGCAI
1601	TTTTTTGAGT	TATCGAGATT	TTCAGGAGCT	AAGGAAGCTA	AAATGGAGAA
	AAAAAACTCA .	ATAGCTCTAA	AAGTCCTCGA	TTCCTTCGAT	ТТТАССТСТТ
1651	AAAAATCACT	GGATATACCA	CCGTTGATAT	ATCCCAATGG	CATCGTAAAG
	TTTTTAGTGA	CCTATATGGT	GGCAACTATA	TAGGGTTACC	GTAGCATTTC

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1701	AACATTTTGA	A GGCATTTCA	G TCAGTTGCT	AATGTACCT	A TAACCAGACC
	TTGTAAAACT	CCGTAAAGT	C AGTCAACGAC	TTACATGGA	T ATTGGTCTGG
1751	GTTCAGCTGG	ATATTACGG	CTTTTTAAAG	ACCGTAAAG	A AAAATAAGCA
	CAAGTCGACC	TATAATGCC	GAAAAATTTC	TGGCATTTC	r TTTTATTCGT
1801		CCGGCCTTT	A TTCACATTCT	TGCCCGCCTC	G ATGAATGCTC
	GTTCAAAATA	GGCCGGAAA	AAGTGTAAGA	ACGGGCGGA	C TACTTACGAG
1851		CCGTATGGCA	ATGAAAGACG	GTGAGCTGGT	GATATGGGAT
	TAGGCCTCAA	GGCATACCGT	TACTTTCTGC	CACTCGACCA	A CTATACCCTA
1901	AGTGTTCACC	CTTGTTACAC	CGTTTTCCAT	GAGCAAACTC	AAACGTTTTC
	TCACAAGTGG	GAACAATGTG	GCAAAAGGTA	CTCGTTTGAC	TTTGCAAAAG
1951	ATCGCTCTGG	AGTGAATACC	ACGACGATTT	CCGĠCAGTTI	CTACACATAT
	TAGCGAGACC	TCACTTATGG	TGCTGCTAAA	GGCCGTCAAA	GATGTGTATA
2001	ATTCGCAAGA	TGTGGCGTGT	TACGGTGAAA	ACCTGGCCTA	TTTCCCTAAA
	TAAGCGTTCT	ACACCGCACA	ATGCCACTTT	TGGACCGGAT	` AAAGGGATTT
2051	GGGTTTATTG	AGAATATGTT	TTTCGTCTCA	GCCAATCCCT	GGGTGAGTTT
					CCCACTCAAA
2101	CACCAGTTTT	GATTTAAACG	TAGCCAATAT	GGACAACTTC	TTCGCCCCCG
	GTGGTCAAAA	CTAAATTTGC	ATCGGTTATA	CCTGTTGAAG	AAGCGĠGGGC
2151	TTTTCACTAT	GGGCAAATAT	TATACGCAAG	GCGACAAGGT	GCTGATGCCG
			ATATGCGTTC		
2201	CTGGCGATTC	AGGTTCATCA	TGCCGTTTGT	GATGGCTTCC	ATGTCGGCAG
			ACGGCAAACA		
2251	AATGCTTAAT	GAATTACAAC	AGTACTGCGA	TGAGTGGCAG	GGCGGGGCGT
			TCATGACGCT		
2301	AATTTTTTTA	AGGCAGTTAT	TGGTGCCCTT	AAACGCCTGG	TGCTAGCCTG
			ACCACGGGAA		
2351	AGGCCAGTTT	GCTCAGGCTC	TCCCCGTGGA	GGTAATAATT	GCTCGACCGA
	TCCGGTCAAA				
2401	TAAAAGCGGC	TTCCTGACAG	GAGGCCGTTT	TGTTTTGCAG	CCCACCTCAA
	ATTTTCGCCG				
2451	CGCAATTAAT	GTGAGTTAGC	TCACTCATTA	GGCACCCCAG	GCTTTACACT
	GCGTTAATTA	CACTCAATCG	AGTGAGTAAT	CCGTGGGGTC	CGAAATGTGA
2501	TTATGCTTCC	GGCTCGTATG	TTGTGTGGAA	TTGTGAGCGG	ATAACAATTT
	AATACGAAGG	CCGAGCATAC	AACACACCTT /	AACACTCGCC	TATTGTTAAA

18/39 2551 CACACAGGAA ACAGCTATGA CCATGATTAC GAATTTCTAG ATAACGAGGG GTGTGTCCTT TGTCGATACT GGTACTAATG CTTAAAGATC TATTGCTCCC 2601 CAAAAAATGA AAAAGACAGC TATCGCGATT GCAGTGGCAC TGGCTGGTTT GTTTTTACT TTTTCTGTCG ATAGCGCTAA CGTCACCGTG ACCGACCAAA 2651 CGCTACCGTA GCGCAGGCCG ACTACAAAGA TGTCGACGCC GGTGGTCGGA GCGATGGCAT CGCGTCCGGC TGATGTTTCT ACAGCTGCGG CCACCAGCCT... 2701 TCGCCCGGCT AGAGGAAAAA GTGAAAACCT TGAAAGCGCA AAACTCCGAG AGCGGGCCGA TCTCCTTTTT CACTTTTGGA ACTTTCGCGT TTTGAGGCTC 2751 CTGGCGTCCA CGGCCAACAT GCTCAGGGAA CAGGTGGCAC AGCTTAAACA GACCGCAGGT GCCGGTTGTA CGAGTCCCTT GTCCACCGTG TCGAATTTGT ECORI 2801 GAAAGTCATG AACCACGGTG GTGCCGAATT CAATGCTGGC GGCGGCTCTG CTTTCAGTAC TTGGTGCCAC CACGGCTTAA GTTACGACCG CCGCCGAGAC 2851 GTGGTGGTTC TGGTGGCGGC TCTGAGGGTG GTGGCTCTGA GGGTGGCGGT CACCACCAAG ACCACCGCCG AGACTCCCAC CACCGAGACT CCCACCGCCA 2901 TCTGAGGGTG GCGGCTCTGA GGGAGGCGGT TCCGGTGGTG GCTCTGGTTC AGACTCCCAC CGCCGAGACT CCCTCCGCCA AGGCCACCAC CGAGACCAAG 2951 CGGTGATTTT GATTATGAAA AGATGGCAAA CGCTAATAAG GGGGCTATGA GCCACTAAAA CTAATACTTT TCTACCGTTT GCGATTATTC CCCCGATACT 3001 CCGAAAATGC CGATGAAAAC GCGCTACAGT CTGACGCTAA AGGCAAACTT GGCTTTTACG GCTACTTTTG CGCGATGTCA GACTGCGATT TCCGTTTGAA ClaI 3051 GATTCTGTCG CTACTGATTA CGGTGCTGCT ATCGATGGTT TCATTGGTGA CTAAGACAGC GATGACTAAT GCCACGACGA TAGCTACCAA AGTAACCACT 3101 CGTTTCCGGC CTTGCTAATG GTAATGGTGC TACTGGTGAT TTTGCTGGCT GCAAAGGCCG GAACGATTAC CATTACCACG ATGACCACTA AAACGACCGA 3151 CTAATTCCCA AATGGCTCAA GTCGGTGACG GTGATAATTC ACCTTTAATG GATTAAGGGT TTACCGAGTT CAGCCACTGC CACTATTAAG TGGAAATTAC 3201 AATAATTTCC GTCAATATTT ACCTTCCCTC CCTCAATCGG TTGAATGTCG TTATTAAAGG CAGTTATAAA TGGAAGGGAG GGAGTTAGCC AACTTACAGC 3251 CCCTTTTGTC TTTAGCGCTG GTAAACCATA TGAATTTTCT ATTGATTGTG GGGAAAACAG AAATCGCGAC CATTTGGTAT ACTTAAAAGA TAACTAACAC 3301 ACAAAATAAA CTTATTCCGT GGTGTCTTTG CGTTTCTTTT ATATGTTGCC TGTTTTATTT GAATAAGGCA CCACAGAAAC GCAAAGAAAA TATACAACGG

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3351	ACCTTTATGT	ATGTATTTTC	TACGTTTGCT	AACATACTGC	GTAATAAGGA
	TGGAAATACA	TACATAAAAG	ATGCAAACGA	TTGTATGACG	CATTATTCCT

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3401	CTCTTC TT T	
2401	GICIIGATAA GCTTCGAG	AA ATTCACCTCG AAAGCAAGCT GATAAACCGA
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•	ATGTTAATTT CCGAGGAA	AA CCTCGGAAAA AAAAACCTCT TAATTAAGTT
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3501	TCATGCCAGT TCTTTTGG	GT ATTCCGTTAT TATTGCGTTT CCTCGGTTTC
	AGTACGGTCA AGAAAACC	CA TAAGGCAATA ATAACGCAAA GGAGCCAAAG
3551	CTTCTGGTAA CTTTGTTG	CC CITA MORGONIA - COMPANIA
3331		GG CTATCTGCTT ACTTTCCTTA AAAAGGGCTT
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3601	CGGTAAGATA GCTATTGC	TA TTTCATTGTT TCTTGCTCTT ATTATTGGGC
	GCCATTCTAT CGATAACG	AT AAAGTAACAA AGAACGAGAA TAATAACCCG
3651	TTAACTCAAT TCTTGTGG	GT TATCTCTCTG ATATTAGCGC ACAATTACCC
	AATTGAGTTA AGAACACC	CA ATAGAGAGAC TATAATCGCG TGTTAATGGG
3701	TCTGATTTTG TTCAGGGCC	GT TCAGTTAATT CTCCCGTCTA ATGCGCTTCC
	AGACTAAAAC AAGTCCCGG	CA AGTCAATTAA GAGGGCAGAT TACGCGAAGG
	,	LA AGICAATTAA GAGGGCAGAT TACGCGAAGG
3751	CTGTTTTTAT GTTATTCTC	CT CTGTAAAGGC TGCTATTTTC ATTTTTGACG
	GACAAAAATA CAATAAGAG	GA GACATTICCG ACGATAAAAG TAAAAACTGC
3801	•	
3001	AATTCTTTT TTACCAAAC	T TATTTGGATT GGGATAAATA AATATGGCTG
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3851	TTTATTTTGT AACTGGCAA	A TTAGGCTCTG GAAAGACGCT CGTTAGCGTT
-	AAATAAAACA TTGACCGTT	T AATCCGAGAC CTTTCTGCGA GCAATCGCAA
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3701	CCATTCTAAC TCCTATTTT	T TGTAGCTGGG TGCAAAATAG CAACTAATCT
	CCATTCTAAG TCCTATTTT	A ACATCGACCC ACGTTTTATC GTTGATTAGA
3951	TGATTTAAGG CTTCAAAAC	C TCCCGCAAGT CGGGAGGTTC GCTAAAACGC
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4001	CICGCGITCT TAGAATACC	G GATAAGCCTT CTATTTCTGA TTTGCTTGCT
	GAGUGUAAGA ATCTTATGG	C CTATTCGGAA GATAAAGACT AAACGAACGA
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	TAACCAGCAC CATTACTAAC	G GATGCTGCTT TTATTTTTGC CAAACGAACA
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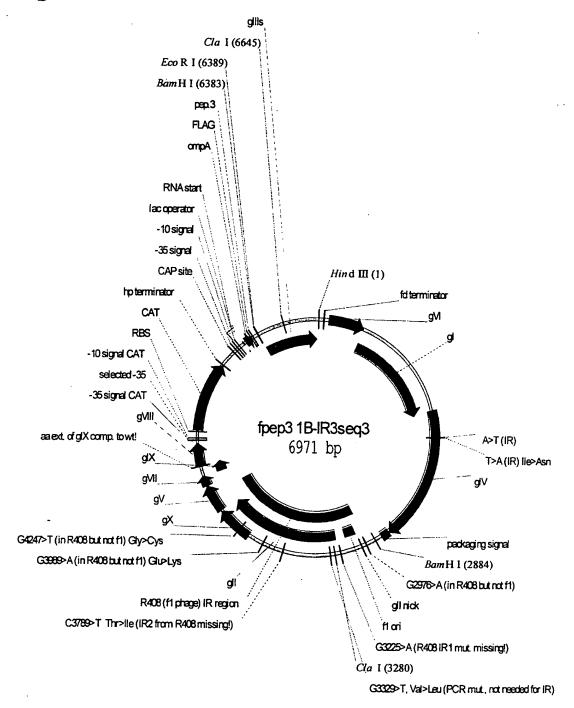
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	GAAATGGGAA ACAGCCGTGA AATATAAGAG AACAATGACC GAGTTTTTAC
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	GTCTTCGTTC CAATAAGGTA GTGTATATAA CTAAATACAT GACAAAGTTA
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1701	TTGATGTTTG TTTCATCATC TTCTTTTGCT CAAGTAATTG AAATGAATAA AACTACAAAC AAAGTAGTAG AAGAAAACGA GTTCATTAAC TTTACTTATT
	TTACTTATT
4951	TTCGCCTCTG CGCGATTTCG TGACTTGGTA TTCAAAGCAA ACAGGTGAAT
	AAGCGGAGAC GCGCTAAAGC ACTGAACCAT AAGTTTCGTT TGTCCACTTA

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500	1 CTGTTATTGT CTCACCTGAT GTTAAAGGTA CAGTGACTGT ATATTCCTCT
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5053	GACGTTAAGC CTGAAAATTT ACGCAATTTC TTTATCTCTG TTTTACGTGC
	CTGCAATTCG GACTTTTAAA MOGGMATATC TTTATCTCTG TTTTACGTGC
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	TOTAL TIME AGGICCAAGI CGIICCACIA
5501	GCTTTAGATT TTTCCTTTGC TGCTGGCTCT CAGCGCGGCA CTGTTGCTGG
	CGAAATCTAA AAAGGAAACG ACGACCGAGA GTCGCGCCGT GACAACGACC
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5551	TGGTGTTAAT ACTGACCGTC TAACCTCTGT TTTATCTTCT GCGGGTGGTT
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	ACCACAATTA TGACTGGCAG ATTGGAGACA AAATAGAAGA CGCCCACCAA
5601	CCTTCCCTAT TTTTTA A CCCC CA TTCTT
3001	CGTTCGGTAT TTTTAACGGC GATGTTTTAG GGCTATCAGT TCGCGCATTA
	GCAAGCCATA AAAATTGCCG CTACAAAATC CCGATAGTCA AGCGCGTAAT
F C F 1	1101 CT 1
2021	AAGACTAATA GCCATTCAAA AATATTGTCT GTGCCTCGTA TTCTTACGCT
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5701	area and and are a structured to the computation of the computation
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5751	CTGGTCGTGT AACTGGTGAA TCTGCCAATG TAAATAATCC ATTTCAGACG
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5801	GTTGAGCGTC AAAATGTTGG TATTTCTATG AGTGTTTTTC CCGTTGCAAT
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5851	GGCTGGCGG'	T AATATTGTT:	r tagatataa	CAGTAAGGC	C GATAGTTTGA
	CCGACCGCC	A TTATAACAA	A ATCTATATTO	G GTCATTCCG	G CTATCAAACT
5901	GTTCTTCTA	C TCAGGCAAG	GATGTTATT	A CTAATCAAA	AAGTATTGCG
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6001	TGATTACAA	A AACACTTCTC	AAGATTCTGG	G TGTGCCGTTC	CTGTCTAAAA
	ACTAATGTT	TTGTGAAGAC	TTCTAAGACC	ACACGGCAAG	GACAGATTTT
6051	TCCCTTTAAT	CGGCCTCCTG	TTTAGCTCCC	GTTCTGATTC	TAACGAGGAA
	AGGGAAATTA	A GCCGGAGGAC	AAATCGAGGG	CAAGACTAAG	ATTGCTCCTT
6101	AGCACGTTGT	ACGTGCTCGT	CAAAGCAACC	ATAGTACGCG	CCCTGTAGCG
	TCGTGCAACA	TGCACGAGCA	GTTTCGTTGG	TATCATGCGC	GGGACATCGC
6151	GCGCATTAAG	CGCGGCGGGT	GTGGTGGTTA	CGCGCAGCGT	GACCGCTACA
	CGCGTAATTC	: GCGCCGCCCA	CACCACCAAT	' GCGCGTCGCA	CTGGCGATGT
6201	CTTGCCAGCG	CCCTAGCGCC	CGCTCCTTTC	GCTTTCTTCC	CTTCCTTTCT
	GAACGGTCGC	GGGATCGCGG	GCGAGGAAAG	CGAAAGAAGG	GAAGGAAAGA
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6251	CGCCACGTTC	TCCGGCTTTC	CCCGTCAAGC	TCTAAATCGG	GGGATCCCTT
		AGGCCGAAAG			
6301	TAGGGTTCCG	ATTTAGTGCT	TTACGGCACC	TCGACCTCCA	AAAACTTGAT
		TAAATCACGA			
6351	TTGGGTGATG	GTTCACGTAG	TGGGCCATCG	CCCTGATAGA	CGGTTTTTCG
-		CAAGTGCATC			
6401	CCCTTTGACG	TTGGAGTCCA	CGTTCTTTAA	TAGTGGACTC	TTGTTCCAAA
		AACCTCAGGT			
6451	CTGGAACAAC	ACTCACAACT	AACTCGGCCT	ATTCTTTTGA	TTTATAAGGA
		TGAGTGTTGA			
6501	TTTTTGTCAT	TTTCTGCTTA	CTGGTTAAAA	AATAAGCTGA	TTTAACAAAT
	AAAAACAGTA	AAAGACGAAT	GACCAATTTT	TTATTCGACT	AAATTGTTTA
6551	ATTTAACGCG	AAATTTAACA	AAACATTAAC	GTTTACAATT	TAAATATTTG
	TAAATTGCGC	TTTAAATTGT	TTTGTAATTG	CAAATGTTAA	ATTTATAAAC
6601	CTTATACAAT	CATCCTGTTT	TTGGGGCTTT	TCTGATTATC	AACCGGGGTA
	GAATATGTTA	GTAGGACAAA	AACCCCGAAA	AGACTAATAG	TTGGCCCCAT

ClaI 6651 CATATGATTG ACATGCTAGT TTTACGATTA CCGTTCATCG ATTCTCTTGT GTATACTAAC TGTACGATCA AAATGCTAAT GGCAAGTAGC TAAGAGAACA 6701 TTGCTCCAGA CTTTCAGGTA ATGACCTGAT AGCCTTTGTA GACCTCTCAA AACGAGGTCT GAAAGTCCAT TACTGGACTA TCGGAAACAT CTGGAGAGTT 6751 AAATAGCTAC CCTCTCCGGC ATGAATTTAT CAGCTAGAAC GGTTGAATAT TTTATCGATG GGAGAGGCCG TACTTAAATA GTCGATCTTG CCAACTTATA 6801 CATATTGACG GTGATTTGAC TGTCTCCGGC CTTTCTCACC CGTTTGAATC GTATAACTGC CACTAAACTG ACAGAGGCCG GAAAGAGTGG GCAAACTTAG 6851 TTTGCCTACT CATTACTCCG GCATTGCATT TAAAATATAT GAGGGTTCTA AAACGGATGA GTAATGAGGC CGTAACGTAA ATTTTATATA CTCCCAAGAT 6901 AAAATTTTTA TCCCTGCGTT GAAATTAAGG CTTCACCAGC AAAAGTATTA TTTTAAAAAT AGGGACGCAA CTTTAATTCC GAAGTGGTCG TTTTCATAAT 6951 CAGGGTCATA ATGTTTTTGG TACAACCGAT TTAGCTTTAT GCTCTGAGGC GTCCCAGTAT TACAAAAACC ATGTTGGCTA AATCGAAATA CGAGACTCCG 7001 TTTATTGCTT AATTTTGCTA ACTCTCTGCC TTGCTTGTAC GATTTATTGG AAATAACGAA TTAAAACGAT TGAGAGACGG AACGAACATG CTAAATAACC 7051 ATGTT TACAA

## Figure 4



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	TCGAAGCTCT TTAAGTGGAG CTTTCGTTCG ACTATTTGGC TATGTTAATT
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	TCCGAGGAAA ACCTCGGAAA AAAAAACCTC TTAATTAAGT TAGTACGGTC
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	TGAAACAAGC CGATAGACGA ATGAAAGGAA TTTTTCCCGA AGCCATTCTA
201	AGCTATTGCT ATTTCATTGT TTCTTGCTCT TATTATTGGG CTTAACTCAA
	TCGATAACGA TAAAGTAACA AAGAACGAGA ATAATAACCC GAATTGAGTT
251	TTCTTGTGGG TTATCTCTCT GATATTAGCG CACAATTACC CTCTGATTTT
	AAGAACACCC AATAGAGAGA CTATAATCGC GTGTTAATGG GAGACTAAAA
301	GTTCAGGGCG TTCAGTTAAT TCTCCCGTCT AATGCGCTTC CCTGTTTTTA
	CAAGTCCCGC AAGTCAATTA AGAGGGCAGA TTACGCGAAG GGACAAAAAT
351	TGTTATTCTC TCTGTAAAGG CTGCTATTTT CATTTTTGAC GTTAAACAAA
	ACAATAAGAG AGACATTTCC GACGATAAAA GTAAAAACTG CAATTTGTTT
401	AAATCGTTTC TTATTTGGAT TGGGATAAAT AAATATGGCT GTTTATTTTG
	TTTAGCAAAG AATAAACCTA ACCCTATTTA TTTATACCGA CAAATAAAAC
451	TAACTGGCAA ATTAGGCTCT GGAAAGACGC TCGTTAGCGT TGGTAAGATT
	ATTGACCGTT TAATCCGAGA CCTTTCTGCG AGCAATCGCA ACCATTCTAA
501	CAGGATAAAA TTGTAGCTGG GTGCAAAATA GCAACTAATC TTGATTTAAG
-	GTCCTATTTT AACATCGACC CACGTTTTAT CGTTGATTAG AACTAAATTC
551	GCTTCAAAAC CTCCCGCAAG TCGGGAGGTT CGCTAAAACG CCTCGCGTTC
	CGAAGTTTTG GAGGGCGTTC AGCCCTCCAA GCGATTTTGC GGAGCGCAAG
601	TTAGAATACC GGATAAGCCT TCTATTTCTG ATTTGCTTGC TATTGGTCGT
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751	CGATTATTGA TTGGTTTCTT CATGCTCGTA AATTGGGATG GGATATTATT
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851	AGCTGAACAC	GTTGTTTATT	GTCGCCGTCT	GGACAGAATT	ACTTTACCCT
	TCGACTTGTG	СААСАААТАА	CAGCGGCAGA	CCTGTCTTAA	TGAAATGGGA
901	TTGTCGGCAC	TTTATATTCT	CTTGTTACTO	GCTCAAAAAT	GCCTCTGCCT
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1051	CTAAACAGGC	TTTTTCCAGT	AATTATGATT	CAGGTGTTTA	ТТСАТАТТТА
	GATTTGTCCG	AAAAAGGTCA	TTAATACTAA	GTCCACAAAT	AAGTATAAAT
1101	ACCCCTTATT	TATCACACGG	TCGGTATTTC	AAACCATTAA	ATTTAGGTCA
	TGGGGAATAA	ATAGTGTGCC	AGCCATAAAG	TTTGGTAATT	TAAATCCAGT
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1251	CCTAAGCCGG	AGGTTAAAAA	GGTAGTCTCT	CAGACCTATG	ATTTTGATAA
	GGATTCGGCC	TCCAATTTTT	CCATCAGAGA	GTCTGGATAC	TAAAACTATT
1301	ATTCACTATT	GACTCTTCTC	AGCGTCTTAA	TCTAAGCTAT	CGCTATGTTT
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1351	<b>ТСХАССАТТС</b>	ТАЛСССАЛЛЛ	ጥጥ እ የተመለከ ነው።	GCGACGATTT	101011011
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1401	GGTTATTCCA	TCACATATAT	TGATTTATGT	ACTGTTTCAA	TTAAAAAAGG
				TGACAAAGTT	
1451	TAATTCAAAT	GAAATTGTTA	AATGTAATTA	ATTTTGTTTT	CTTGATGTTT
	ATTAAGTTTA	CTTTAACAAT	TTACATTAAT	TAAAACAAAA	GAACTACAAA
1501	GTTTCATCAT	CTTCTTTTGC	TCAAGTAATT	GAAATGAATA	ATTCGCCTCT
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1601	TCTCACCTGA	TGTTAAAGGT	ACAGTGACTG	TATATTCCTC	TGACGTTAAG
	AGAGTGGACT .	ACAATTTCCA	TGTCACTGAC	ATATAAGGAG	ACTGCAATTC

			1139		
1651	CCTGAAAATT	TACGCAATTI	CTTTATCTCT	GTTTTACGT	CTAATAATTT
	GGACTTTTAA	ATGCGTTAAA	GAAATAGAGA	CAAAATGCAC	GATTATTAAA
1701	TGATATGGTT	GGCTCTAATC	CTTCCATAAT	TCAGAAATAT	AACCCAAATA
	ACTATACCAA	CCGAGATTAG	GAAGGTATTA	AGTCTTTATA	TTGGGTTTAT
1751	GTCAGGATTA	TATTGATGAA	TTGCCATCAT	CTGATATTCA	GGAATATGAT
	CAGTCCTAAT	ATAACTACTT	AACGGTAGTA	GACTATAAGT	CCTTATACTA
1801	GATAATTCCG	CTCCTTCTGG	TGGTTTCTTT	GTTCCGCAAA	ATGATAATGT
	CTATTAAGGC	GAGGAAGACC	ACCAAAGAAA	CAAGGCGTTT	TACTATTACA
1851	TACTCAAACA	TTTAAAATTA	ATAACGTTCG	СССАААССАТ	TTAATAAGGG
	ATGAGTTTGT	AAATTTTAAT	TATTGCAAGC	GCGTTTCCTA	AATTATTCCC
1901	TTGTAGAATT	GTTTGTTAAA	ТСТААТАСАТ	СТАААТССТС	AAATGTATTA
	AACATCTTAA	CAAACAATTT	AGATTATGTA	GATTTAGGAG	TTTACATAAT
1951	TCTGTTGATG	GTTCTAACTT	ATTAGTAGTT	AGCGCCCCTA	ΔΔCΔΨΔͲͲͲͲ
					TTCTATAAAA
2001	AGATAACCTT	CCGCAATTTC	TTTCTACTGT	TGATTTGCCA	ACTGACCAGA
			AAAGATGACA		
2051	TATTGATTGA	AGGATTAATT	TTCGAGGTTC	AGCAAGGTGA	тсстттасат
	ATAACTAACT	TCCTAATTAA	AAGCTCCAAG	TCGTTCCACT	ACGAAATCTA
2101	TTTTCCTTTG	CTGCTGGCTC	TCAGCGCGGC	ACTGTTGCTG	GTGGTGTTAA
	AAAAGGAAAC				
2151	TACTGACCGT	CTAACCTCTG	TTTTATCTTC	TGCGGGTGGT	TCGTTCGGTA
	ATGACTGGCA	GATTGGAGAC	AAAATAGAAG	ACGCCCACCA	AGCAAGCCAT
2201	TTTTTAACGG	CGATGTTTTA	GGGCTATCAG	TTCGCGCATT	AAAGACTAAT
	AAAAATTGCC	GCTACAAAAT	CCCGATAGTC	AAGCGCGTAA	TTTCTGATTA
2251	AGCCATTCAA	AAATATTGTC	TGTGCCTCGT	ATTCTTACGC	TTTCAGGTCA
	TCGGTAAGTT	TTTATAACAG	ACACGGAGCA	TAAGAATGCG	AAAGTCCAGT
2301	GAAGGGTTCT	ATTTCTGTTG	GCCAGAATGT	CCCTTTTATT	ACTGGTCGTG
	CTTCCCAAGA				
2351	TAACTGGTGA	ATCTGCCAAT	GTAAATAATC	CATTTCAGAC	AATTGAGCGT
	ATTGACCACT				
2401	CAAAATGTTG	GTATTTCTAT	GAGTGTTTTT	CCCGTTGCAA	TGGCTGGCGG
	GTTTTACAAC				
2451	TAATATTGTT	TTAGATATAA	CCAGTAAGGC	CGATAGTTTG	AGTTCTTCTA
	ATTATAACAA				

	28/39
2501	TOTAL ACTION AND COMMENTAL ACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
	GAGTCCGTTC ACTACAATAA TGATTAGTTT CTTCATAACG CTGTTGCCAA
	TOTAL TOTAL CITCALARCE CIGITGCCAA
2551	AATTTGCGTG ATGGTCAGAC TCTTTTGCTC GGTGGCCTCA CTGATTACAA
	TTAAACGCAC TACCAGTCTG AGAAAACGAG CCACCGGAGT GACTAATGTT
	THE CACCEGAGE CCACCEGAGE GACTAATGTT
2601	AAACACTTCT CAACATTCTC CTCTC
2001	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
	TTTGTGAAGA GTTCTAAGAC CACACGGCAA GGACAGATTT TAGGGAAATT
2651	TOCOCOMOON COMPA COMPA
2031	
	AGCCGGAGGA CAAATCGAGG GCAAGACTAA GATTGCTCCT TTCGTGCAAC
2701	TO THE CONTROL CATACIAC CATACI
	ATGCACGAGC AGTTTCGTTG GTATCATGCG CGGGACATCG CCGCGTAATT
2751	TOUCHER TOUCH TOUCH TOUCH TOUCHER TOUC
	CGCGCCGCCC ACACCACCAA TGCGCGTCGC ACTGGCGATG TGAACGGTCG
2801	
	CGGGATCGCG GGCGAGGAAA GCGAAAGAAG GGAAGGAAAG AGCGGTGCAA
	TOTALISTE CONNOCAMA ACCOCIGCAA
	BamHI
	Datiti
2851	CTCCGGCTTT CCCCGTCAAG CTCTAAATCG GGGGATCCCT TTAGGGTTCC
	GAGGCCGAAA GGGGCAGTTC GAGATTTAGC CCCCTAGGGA AATCCCAAGG
	CCCCTAGGGA AATCCCAAGG
2901	GATTTAGTGC TTTACGGCAC CTCGACCTCC AAAAACTTGA TTTGGGTGAT
	CTAAATCACG AAATGCCGTG GAGCTGGAGG TTTTTGAACT AAACCCACTA
	THE SECOND CASCIGGAGG TITTIGAACT AAACCCACTA
2951	GGTTCACGTA GTGGGCCATC GCCCTAATAG ACGGTTTTTC GCCCTTTGAC
	CCAAGTGCAT CACCCGGTAG CGGGATTATC TGCCAAAAAG CGGGAAACTG
	CGGGAAACTG
3001	GTTGGAGTCC ACGTTCTTTA ATAGTGGACT CTTGTTCCAA ACTGGAACAA
	CAACCTCAGG TGCAAGAAAT TATCACCTGA GAACAAGGTT TGACCTTGTT
•	TITLE TO TOCARGAAAT TATCACCIGA GAACAAGGIT TGACCTTGTT
3051	CACTCAACCC TATCTCCCCTC TATTCTCCCTCC TATTCTCCCTCC
3031	CACTCAACCC TATCTCGGTC TATTCTTTTG ATTTATAAGG GATTTTGCCG
	GTGAGTTGGG ATAGAGCCAG ATAAGAAAAC TAAATATTCC CTAAAACGGC
3101	ATTITUCCCCCT ATTITUCCTOR A PART OF THE COLUMN AND A PART OF THE COLUMN
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	TAAAGCCGGA TAACCAATTT TTTACTCGAC TAAATTGTTT TTAAATTGCG
3151	
2131	
	CTTAAAATTG TTTTATAATT GCAAATGTTA AATTTATAAA CGAATATGTT
2203	TOTAL CONCERN THE
3201	TCTTCCTGTT TTTGGGGCTT TTCTGATTAT CAACCGGGGT ACATATGATT
	AGAAGGACAA AAACCCCGAA AAGACTAATA GTTGGCCCCA TGTATACTAA
	ClaI
2051	(3.03.00.00 c
3251	GACATGCTAG TTTTACGATT ACCGTTCATC GATTCTCTTG TTTGCTCCAG
	CTGTACGATC AAAATGCTAA TGGCAAGTAG CTAAGAGAAC AAACGAGGTC

3301	ACTCTCAGGC TGAGAGTCCG	AATGACCTGA TTACTGGACT	TAGCCTTTT	T AGACCTCTCA A TCTGGAGAGT	A AAAATAGCTA TTTTATCGAT
3351	CCCTCTCCGG	CATGAATTTA	TCAGCTAGA	A CGGTTGAATA	TCATATTGAT AGTATAACTA
3401	GGTGATTTGA	CTGTCTCCGG	CCTTTCTCAC		' ርጥጥጥልርርጥልር
3451	ACATTACTCA	GGCATTGCAT	TTAAAATATA		' ልልልልልምሞሞሞሞ
3501	ATCCTTGCGT	TGAAATAAAG	GCTTCTCCCG	CAAAAGTATT	ACAGGGTCAT
3551	TAGGAACGCA AATGTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	GTACAACCGA	TTTAGCTTTA	TGCTCTGAGG	᠂
3601 ·	TTACAAAAAC (	AATTCTTTGC	CTTGCCTGTA	TGATTTATTG	GATGTTAACG
3651	ATTAAAACGA C	TTAAGAAACG	GAACGGACAT	ACTAAATAAC	CTACAATTGC
3701	GATGATGATA A	ATCATCTTAA	CTACGGTGGA	AAAGTCGAGC	GCGGGGTTTA
3751	CTTTTATATC C	SATTTGTCCA	ATAACTGGTA	AACGCTTTAC	ATAGATTACC
	TCAAACTAAA TAGTTTGATTT A	AGATGAGCAA	GCGTCTTAAC	CCTTAGTTGA	CAATGTACCT
3801	ATGAAACTTC C TACTTTGAAG G	TCTGTGGCA	TGAAATCAAC	GTATAAATTT	TGTACAACTC
.3851	CTACAGCACC A GATGTCGTGG T	GATCCAGCA CTAGGTCGT	ATTAAGCTCT TAATTCGAGA	AAGCCATCCG TTCGGTAGGC	CAAAAATGAC GTTTTTACTG
3901	CTCTTATCAA A GAGAATAGTT T	AGGAGCAAT TCCTCGTTA	TAAAGGTACT ATTTCCATGA	CTCTAATCCT GAGATTAGGA	GACCTGTTGG CTGGACAACC
3951	AGTTTGCTTC C	GGTCTGGTT CCAGACCAA	CGCTTTGAAG GCGAAACTTC	CTCGAATTAA GAGCTTAATT	AACGCGATAT TTGCGCTATA
4001	TTGAAGTCTT TO AACTTCAGAA AO	CGGGCTTCC GCCCGAAGG	TCTTAATCTT AGAATTAGAA	TTTGATGCAA AAACTACGTT	TCCGCTTTGC AGGCGAAACG
4051	TTCTGACTAT AAAGACTGATA T	ATAGTCAGG (	GTAAAGACCT CATTTCTGGA	GATTTTTGAT CTAAAAACTA	TTATGGTCAT AATACCAGTA
4101	TCTCGTTTTC TO	GAACTGTTT A	AAAGCATTTG ITTCGTAAAC	AGGGGGATTC A	AATGAATATT ITACTTATAA

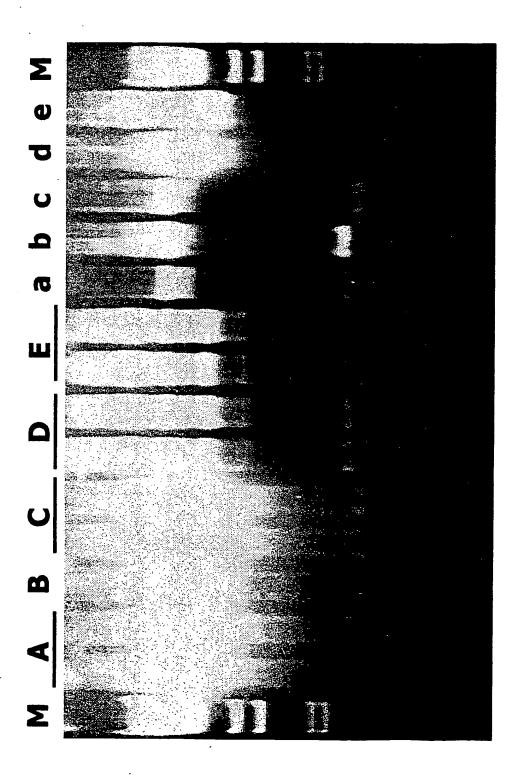
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415		TAT
•	ATACIGCIAA GGCGTCATAA CCTGCGATAG GTCAGATTTG TAAAATGA	ATA
4201		יחים
	ATGGGGGAGA CCGTTTTGAA GAAAACGTTT TCGGAGAGCG ATAAAAAC	'AA
4251	TTTATCGTCG TCTGGTAAAC GAGGGTTATG ATAGTGTTGC TCTTACTA	
	AAATAGCAGC AGACCATTTG CTCCCAATAC TATCACAACG AGAATGAT	TG.
4301		
4301	CCTCGTAATT CCTTTTGGCG TTATGTATCT GCATTAGTTG AATGTGGT	ΑT
	GGAGCATTAA GGAAAACCGC AATACATAGA CGTAATCAAC TTACACCA	
4351	TCCTAAATCT CAACTGATGA ATCTTTCTAC CTGTAATAAT GTTGTTCC	Cm.
	AGGATTTAGA GTTGACTACT TAGAAAGATG GACATTATTA CAACAAGG	CA
4401		
4401	TAGTTCGTTT TATTAACGTA GATTTTTCTT CCCAACGTCC TGACTGGT	AT
	ATCAAGCAAA ATAATTGCAT CTAAAAAGAA GGGTTGCAGG ACTGACCA	ΓA
4451	TELEGRAPHIC TELEGRAPHIC COCATAAGGT AATTCACAAT CATTA AAAAA	יויין
	TTACTCGGTC AAGAATTTTA GCGTATTCCA TTAAGTGTTA CTAATTTCA	₹A
4501	GAAATTAAAC CATCTCAAGC GCAATTCACT ACCCGTTCTG GTGTTTCTC	
	CTTTAATTTG GTAGAGTTCG CGTTAAGTGA TGGGCAAGAC CACAAAGAG	 
4551	TCAGGGCAAG CCTTATTCAC TGAATGAGCA GCTTTGTTAC GTTGATTTG	3G
	AGTCCCGTTC GGAATAAGTG ACTTACTCGT CGAAACAATG CAACTAAAC	C:C
4601	GTAATGAATA TCCGGTGCTT GTCAAGATTA CTCTTGATGA AGGTCAGCC	מי
	CATTACTTAT AGGCCACGAA CAGTTCTAAT GAGAACTACT TCCAGTCGG	T
4651	GCCTATGCGC CTGGTCTGTA CACCGTGCAT CTGTCCTCGT TCAAAGTTG	·C
	CGGATACGCG GACCAGACAT GTGGCACGTA GACAGGAGCA AGTTTCAAC	.C
4701		
4/01	TCAGTTCGGT TCTCTTATGA TTGACCGTCT GCGCCTCGTT CCGGCTAAG	Т
	AGTCAAGCCA AGAGAATACT AACTGGCAGA CGCGGAGCAA GGCCGATTC	
4751	AACATGGAGC AGGTCGCGGA TTTCGACACA ATTTATCAGG CGATGATAC	Α
	TTGTACCTCG TCCAGCGCCT AAAGCTGTGT TAAATAGTCC GCTACTATG	r
4801	AATCTCCGTT GTACTTTGTT TCGCGCTTGG TATAATCGCT GGGGGTCAA	_
	TTAGAGGCAA CATGAAACAA AGCGCGAACC ATATTAGCGA CCCCCAGTT	4
4851	GATGAGTGTT TTAGTGTATT CTTTCGCCTC TTTCGTTTTA GGTTGGTGCC	3
	CTACTCACAA AATCACATAA GAAAGCGGAG AAAGCAAAAT CCAACCACGC	3
4901	TTCGTAGTGG CATTACGTAT TTTACCCGTT TAATGGAAAC TTCCTCATGC	,
	AAGCATCACC GTAATGCATA AAATGGGCAA ATTACCTTTG AAGGAGTACG	3
4051		
4321	GTAAGTCTTT AGTCCTCAAA GCCTCCGTAG CCGTTGCTAC CCTCGTTCCG	;
	CATTCAGAAA TCAGGAGTTT CGGAGGCATC GGCAACGATG GGAGCAAGGC	:

5001	. ATGCTGTCT	T TCGCTGCTGA	GGGTGACGA	T CCCGCAAAA	G CGGCCTTTGA
	TACGACAGA	A AGCGACGACT	CCCACTGCT	A GGGCGTTTT	C GCCGGAAACT
5051	CTCCCTGCAZ	A GCCTCAGCGA	CCGAATATA	T CGGTTATGC	G TGGGCGATGG
	GAGGGACGTT	CGGAGTCGCT	GGCTTATAT.	A GCCAATACGO	C ACCCGCTACC
F101				•	
5101	TTGTTGTCAT	TGTCGGCGCA	ACTATCGGT	A TCAAGCTGTT	TAAGAAATTC
	AACAACAGTA	A ACAGCCGCGT	TGATAGCCA'	T AGTTCGACA	ATTCTTTAAG
5151					
2121	TCCA COMME	CAAGCTGATA	AAGGAGGTT	r crcgarcgac	ACGTTGGGTG
	IGGAGCIIIC	GITCGACTAT	TTCCTCCAA	A GAGCTAGCTC	TGCAACCCAC
5201	<b>ል</b> ርርምምርር አአር	TTTTCACCAMA	3 mgs		
3201	TCCN ACCTTC	A A A CONCORDAD	ATGAAATAA	ATCACTACCG	GGCGTATTTT
	1 CCAAGG11G	AAAGIGGTAT	TACTTTATT	TAGTGATGGC	CCGCATAAAA
5251	<b>ፐፐርልር</b> ଫፕልፕሮ		CCA CCMA A CC		
	AACTCAATAG	CTCTAAAACT	GGAGCTAAG(	AAGCTAAAAT	GGAGAAAAA
	12.010111110	CICIAAAAGI	CCTCGATTCC	TTCGATTTTA	CCTCTTTTTT
5301	ATCACTGGAT	ATACCACCCT	ጥር እ ጥእ ጥእ ጥረር	CAATGGCATC	
	TAGTGACCTA	TATGGTGGCA	ACTATATACC	GTTACCGTAG	GTAAAGAACA
			HCIMIAIAGG	GITACCGTAG	CATTTCTTGT
5351	TTTTGAGGCA	TTTCAGTCAG	TTGCTCAATG	TACCTATAAC	C) C) CCCmmc
	AAAACTCCGT	AAAGTCAGTC	AACGAGTTAC	ATGGATATTG	CTCTCCCAAC
				RIGORIATIG	GICIGGCAAG
5401	AGCTGGATAT	TACGGCCTTT	TTAAAGACCG	TAAAGAAAAA	ТААССАСАЛС
	TCGACCTATA	ATGCCGGAAA	AATTTCTGGC	ATTTCTTTTT	ATTCGTGTTC
5451	TTTTATCCGG	CCTTTATTCA	CATTCTTGCC	CGCCTGATGA	ATGCTCATCC
	AAAATAGGCC	GGAAATAAGT	GTAAGAACGG	GCGGACTACT	TACGAGTAGG
5501	GGAGTTCCGT	ATGGCAATGA	AAGACGGTGA	GCTGGTGATA	TGGGATAGTG
	CCTCAAGGCA	TACCGTTACT	TTCTGCCACT	CGACCACTAT	ACCCTATCAC
5551	TTC A CCCTTTC	EE 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
2221	AACTCCCAAC	TTACACCGTT	TTCCATGAGC	AAACTGAAAC	GTTTTCATCG
	AAGIGGGAAC	AATGTGGCAA	AAGGTACTCG	TTTGACTTTG	CAAAAGTAGC
5601	СТСТССАСТС	እ እ ጥ እ <b>ሮ</b> ር እ ሮር እ	CC1 mmmcacc		
5001	GAGACCTCAC	TTATCCTCCT	CGATTTCCGG	CAGTTTCTAC	ACATATATTC
	GIORCCICAC	TIMIGGIGCI	GCTAAAGGCC	GTCAAAGATG	TGTATATAAG
5651	GCAAGATGTG	GCGTGTTACC (	ርጥሮ አ አ አ አ ሮሮጥ	CCCCCIII mmma	GG53335555
	CGTTCTACAC	CGCACAATGC (	CYCLLANGER	CCGGATAAAG	CCTAAAGGGT
		oodidinide (	CACITITGGA	CCGGATAAAG	GGATTTCCCA
5701	TTATTGAGAA	TATGTTTTTC (	TCTCAGCCA	ATCCCTCCCT	CACTITION
	AATAACTCTT	ATACAAAAAG (	CAGAGTCGGT	TAGGGACCCA	CTCAAACTCC
		=====		2.1000ACCCA	CICHMMGIGG
5751	AGTTTTGATT	TAAACGTAGC (	CAATATGGAC	AACTTCTTCC	CCCCC
	TCAAAACTAA .	ATTTGCATCG (	STTATACCTG	TTGAAGAAGC	GGGGGCAAAA
5801	CACTATGGGC	AAATATTATA (	CGCAAGGCGA	CAAGGTGCTG	ATGCCGCTGG
	GTGATACCCG '	TTTATAATAT C	GCGTTCCGCT	GTTCCACGAC	TACGGCGACC

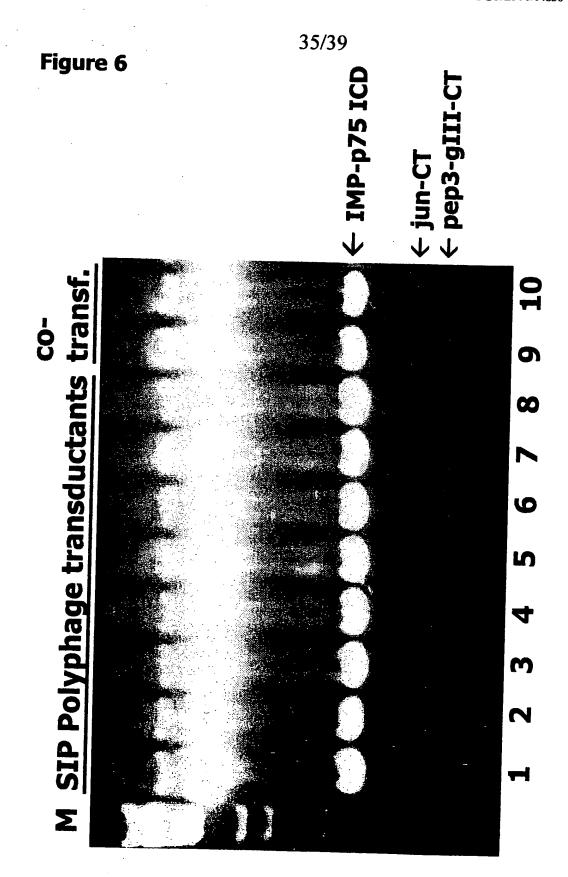
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5901	CTTAATGAA1	TACAACAGT	A CTGCGATGA	G TGGCAGGGC	GGGCGTAATT
	GAATTACTTA	ATGTTGTCAT	r gacgctacto	C ACCGTCCCGC	CCCGCATTAA
5951	TTTTTAAGGC	AGTTATTGGT	GCCCTTAAA	CGCCTGGTGCT	AGCCTGAGGC.
	AAAAATTUUG	TCAATAACC	A CGGGAATTT(	G CGGACCACGA	TCGGACTCCG
6001	CAGTTTGCTC	AGGCTCTCCC	CGTGGAGGT	ATAATTGCTC	GACCGATAAA
	GTCAAACGAG	TCCGAGAGGG	GCACCTCCAT	TATTAACGAG	CTGGCTATTT
6051	AGCGGCTTCC	TGACAGGAGG	CCGTTTTGTT	TTGCAGCCCA	CCTCAACGCA
	TCGCCGAAGG	ACTGTCCTCC	GGCAAAACAA	AACGTCGGGT	GGAGTTGCGT
6101	ATTAATGTGA	GTTAGCTCAC	TCATTAGGCA	CCCCAGGCTT	TACACTTTAT
	TAATTACACT	CAATCGAGTG	AGTAATCCGT	GGGGTCCGAA	ATGTGAAATA
6151	GCTTCCGGCT	CGTATGTTGT	GTGGAATTGT	GAGCGGATAA	СААТТТСАСА
	CGAAGGCCGA	GCATACAACA	CACCTTAACA	CTCGCCTATT	GTTAAAGTGT
6201	CAGGAAACAG	CTATGACCAT	GATTACGAAT	TTCTAGATAA	CGAGGGCAAA
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6251	AAATGAAAAA	GACAGCTATC	GCGATTGCAG	TGGCACTGGC	TGGTTTCGCT
	TTTACTTTT	CTGTCGATAG	CGCTAACGTC	ACCGTGACCG	ACCAAAGCGA
6301	ACCGTAGCGC	AGGCCGACTA	CAAAGATGTC	GACTGTATTG	TTTATCATGC
	TGGCATCGCG	TCCGGCTGAT	GTTTCTACAG	CTGACATAAC	AAATAGTACG
				BamHI Eco	
6351	TCATTATCTT	GTTGCTAAGT	${\tt GTGGTGGTGG}$	AGGATCCGAA	TTCAATGCTG
	AGTAATAGAA	CAACGATTCA	CACCACCACC	TCCTAGGCTT	AAGTTACGAC
6401	GCGGCGGCTC	TGGTGGTGGT	TCTGGTGGCG	GCTCTGAGGG	TGGTGGCTCT
	CGCCGCCGAG	ACCACCACCA	AGACCACCGC	CGAGACTCCC	ACCACCGAGA
6451	GAGGGTGGCG	GTTCTGAGGG	TGGCGGCTCT	GAGGGAGGCG	GTTCCGGTGG
	CTCCCACCGC	CAAGACTCCC	ACCGCCGAGA	CTCCCTCCGC	CAAGGCCACC
6501	TGGCTCTGGT	TCCGGTGATT	TTGATTATGA	AAAGATGGCA	AACGCTAATA
	ACCGAGACCA .	AGGCCACTAA	AACTAATACT	TTTCTACCGT	TTGCGATTAT
6551	AGGGGGCTAT	GACCGAAAAT	GCCGATGAAA	ACGCGCTACA (	GTCTGACGCT
	TCCCCCGATA	CTGGCTTTTA	CGGCTACTTT	TGCGCGATGT (	CAGACTGCGA

					ClaI		
6601	AAAGGCAAAC TTTCCGTTTG	TTGATTCTGT AACTAAGACA	CGCTACTGAT GCGATGACTA	TACGGTGCTG ATGCCACGAC	CTATCGATGG GATAGCTACC		
6651	TTTCATTGGT	GACGTTTCCG	GCCTTGCTAA	TGGTAATGGT	GCTACTGGTG		
	AAAGTAACCA	CTGCAAAGGC	CGGAACGATT	ACCATTACCA	CGATGACCAC		
6701	ATTTTGCTGG	CTCTAATTCC	CAAATGGCTC	AAGTCGGTGA	CGGTGATAAT		
	TAAAACGACC	GAGATTAAGG	GTTTACCGAG	TTCAGCCACT	GCCACTATTA		
6751	TCACCTTTAA	TGAATAATTT	CCGTCAATAT	TTACCTTCCC	TCCCTCAATC		
	AGTGGAAATT	ACTTATTAAA	GGCAGTTATA	AATGGAAGGG	AGGGAGTTAG		
6801	GGTTGAATGT	CGCCCTTTTG	TCTTTGGCGC	TGGTAAACCA	TATGAATTTT		
	CCAACTTACA	GCGGGAAAAC	AGAAACCGCG	ACCATTTGGT	ATACTTAAAA		
6851	CTATTGATTG	TGACAAAATA	AACTTATTCC	GTGGTGTCTT	TGCGTTTCTT		
	GATAACTAAC	ACTGTTTTAT	TTGAATAAGG	CACCACAGAA	ACGCAAAGAA		
6901	TTATATGTTG	CCACCTTTAT	GTATGTATTT	TCTACGTTTG	CTAACATACT		
	AATATACAAC	GGTGGAAATA	CATACATAAA	AGATGCAAAC	GATTGTATGA		
HindIII							
6951		GAGTCTTGAT CTCAGAACTA					

# Figure 5



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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Figure 7

transductants	(t.u./ml)*	6 × 10 <sup>5</sup>	0	1.2 × 10 <sup>4</sup>	$8.6 \times 10^{2}$	$1.2 \times 10^{2}$	12#	1.2#	0.12#
dilution factor	jun/p75ICD	•	H	102	103	104	105	106	10,
		pos. control	neg. control						
	ep3/p75ICD	Ħ	•		#	<b>1</b> -1	#	-	

Figure 8

← jun-gIIIc ← pep3-gIIIc

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

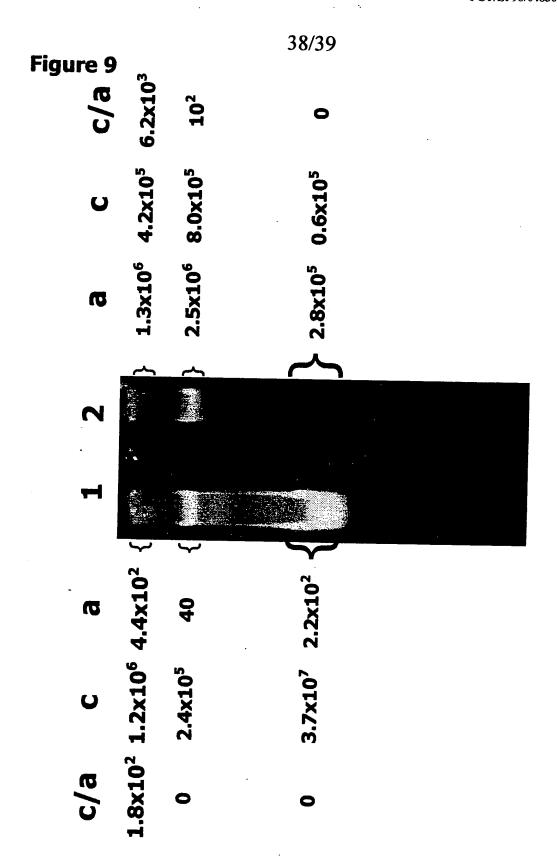
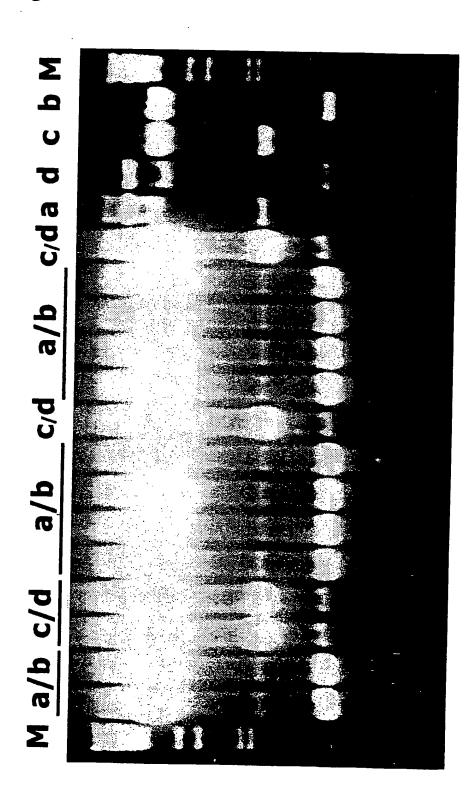


Figure 10



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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